

الشرق الأوسط

INTERNATIONAL

# Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1971

Established 1887

Austria	7.5	Luxembourg	10.1	U.S.	10.1
Belgium	10.1	Morocco	10.1	U.S.	10.1
Denmark	10.1	Norway	10.1	U.S.	10.1
France	10.1	Portugal	10.1	U.S.	10.1
Germany	10.1	Spain	10.1	U.S.	10.1
Greece	10.1	Sweden	10.1	U.S.	10.1
Ireland	10.1	Switzerland	10.1	U.S.	10.1
Italy	10.1	Turkey	10.1	U.S.	10.1
Japan	10.1	U.S.	10.1	U.S.	10.1
Lebanon	10.1	U.S.	10.1	U.S.	10.1

## Assassination Campaign Feared

### Saigon Anti-Red Leader Slain

By Iver Peterson

SAIGON, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Nguyen Van Bong, the head of a pro-government political group, was assassinated today in a suspected Communist killing campaign, according to a spokesman of the government's continuing efforts to wipe out potential Communist movements.

The 42-year-old family member of a prominent anti-Communist leader was killed by a bomb blast in his car and killed several passengers as he drove away from his office shortly after

Bong was the founder of the National Institute of Administration, which he had founded as the "loyal opposition" to the Communist government. He was a moderate opposition leader.

Bong had been widely known in South Vietnam as a possible successor to President Nguyen Van Thieu in the cabinet, which is expected to be announced later this month. American officials who knew well said that Prof. Bong's

real future had lain further ahead, possibly as president of South Vietnam.

The American Embassy's political section thought highly of Prof. Bong, who spoke excellent English and was known to support progressive domestic programs widely favored by the

U.S. command earlier announced that four waves of B-52s dropped more than 350 tons of bombs on suspected North Vietnamese troop positions in the western corner of South Vietnam.

Cambodian, enemy commandos killed at least 30 persons, wounded more than 20 in the coordinated attacks against Penh's Pochentong Airport, a radio transmitting station and a bridge, which was blown

Cambodian spokesman said most of the victims were men and children and that the toll would undoubtedly go higher.

Two Copters Destroyed  
The attacks destroyed two Cambodian helicopters, damaged two others and destroyed two observation planes and a C-47 gunship. A bridge blown up is 12 miles west of Phnom Penh.

The Cambodian command also reported that 20 government troops had been killed and 96 wounded in a two-day battle at Penh, 75 miles northwest of Phnom Penh. There was no report of enemy casualties.

Farmer Starting Photos of Mars  
ASADENA, Calif., Nov. 10 (UPI).—The serious scientific work of the Mars 9 mission began today as the two cameras aboard the spacecraft were cooked to snap 15 pictures of Mars for 25 consecutive hours.

The picture-taking, to occur between 11 a.m. and 3:30 p.m., will provide a close look at the current Martian storm. Mars 9, launched by 3 from Cape Kennedy, also scheduled to snap six photos tomorrow afternoon.

Mars 9 is scheduled to orbit Mars Saturday, beginning three days of data-gathering expected to greatly increase the store of scientific knowledge of the planet. The information will be used to determine whether Mars provides an environment that could enable life to develop.

ON WAY TO UN—The Chinese delegation to the United Nations entering China's embassy at Paris yesterday. Among those identified were Wang Hai-yung (bobbed hair and wearing glasses, at left), reportedly the niece

of Chairman Mao and the nation's deputy chief of protocol; Chiao Kuan-hua (center, in cap and glasses), deputy foreign minister and delegation chief, and Huang Hua (far right facing camera), permanent representative.



Nguyen Van Bong.

## Result of Friendship Treaty

### U.S. Says Soviet Ships Carry 5,000 Tons of Arms for India

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP).

—More than 5,000 tons of Soviet military equipment, including aircraft, should arrive in India by sea before the end of the month, U.S. intelligence sources say.

Three Soviet merchant ships left the Black Sea last week en route to India with military cargo, the sources say.

One ship had eight aircraft crated to its deck. Details of the rest of the cargo were not known, although intelligence sources described it as military in nature.

The Indian Air Force already has about 12 squadrons of Soviet-built MIG-21 fighters and Su-7 fighter bombers, along with other Russian-furnished arms, navy and air equipment.

Premier of Belgium Rules Out New Term  
BRUSSELS, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Outgoing Premier Gaston Eyskens said today that he would not head the next Belgian government.

Following Sunday's parliamentary elections, Mr. Eyskens submitted the resignation of his Social Christian-Socialist cabinet to King Baudouin, who asked the government to stay on as a caretaker.

Meanwhile, the Nixon administration has out off U.S. arms sales to Pakistan in an apparent move to silence critics who accused it of helping the Pakistanis to crush insurgents in East Pakistan.

The new arms shipments from the Soviet Union were said to have been decided on during recent visits to India by high-ranking Soviet, diplomatic and military officials, following the signing in August of a Soviet-Indian treaty of friendship and cooperation.

These developments, coupled with recent moves by Pakistan to tighten its links to Communist China, serve to demonstrate how the two rival Communist superpowers are backing opposite forces in the India-Pakistan dispute.

A Pakistani government group was reported in Communist China recently, and a Pakistani ship was said earlier by U.S. intelligence to be bound for China to take on a cargo of artillery, ammunition and other military material.

Meanwhile, the Nixon administration has out off U.S. arms sales to Pakistan in an apparent move to silence critics who accused it of helping the Pakistanis to crush insurgents in East Pakistan.

French officials said they believed the Chinese requested the strong police protection so that newsmen could not pose questions about reports of political upheavals in the Peking leadership.

## Sweep Nets Suspected IRA Chiefs

### Second Massive Belfast Search

By Iver Peterson

BELFAST, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Nearly 1,000 British troops, searching for extremists and hidden weapons in Catholic areas of Belfast for the second time in 24 hours, today captured two suspected leaders of the Irish Republican Army, the army said.

Army sources said "several top IRA men were rounded up in sweeps in the Ardoyne," where six soldiers and four policemen have been shot to death since February.

The army did not identify the men. Army sources said they were being questioned by a special Scotland Yard murder squad investigating the killing of three Scottish soldiers in March.

The sources said one of the men was suspected of being involved in the triple killing. The other was believed to be the head of the IRA's militant "Provisional" wing in north Belfast.

The army believed the men returned to Northern Ireland from the Irish Republic only recently, the sources said.

One man was captured when he tried to flee a shebeen, an unlicensed bar, in the Ardoyne. Shooting broke out and, in the ensuing confusion, the second man was captured. There were no reports of anyone being injured.

The army said troops also seized ammunition, three electric detonators, two pistol-holders and maps in the search.

The army, meanwhile, also issued a statement denying allegations that soldiers had tortured internees suspected of extremist activity.

In Dublin, Irish Premier Jack Lynch told the Dail (parliament): "The present system of government in the North is inappropriate to the kind of society which exists there."

He said he had suggested a commission of Unionist and non-Unionist opposition government members be formed in the North to investigate a new system of government.

The Belfast newspaper Irish News today accused the British Army and Northern Ireland police of hushing up the seizure of weapons in Protestant areas.

"Detailed reports, from reliable sources, on arms finds without anyone being made amenable to the law, coupled with allegations that the arms were declared by the British security forces as having been found in Catholic areas," will be presented to members of the British opposition Labor party and the governing Conservative party, the newspaper said.

French officials said they believed the Chinese requested the strong police protection so that newsmen could not pose questions about reports of political upheavals in the Peking leadership.

The group arrived a few hours after the arrival at Orly of Huang Hua, former Chinese ambassador to Canada, who will travel with them to New York tomorrow.

The bulk of the group will leave at 10 a.m. A few lower-ranking officials will follow two hours later because they could not find space on the same flight.

French officials said they believed the Chinese requested the strong police protection so that newsmen could not pose questions about reports of political upheavals in the Peking leadership.

The group arrived a few hours after the arrival at Orly of Huang Hua, former Chinese ambassador to Canada, who will travel with them to New York tomorrow.

The bulk of the group will leave at 10 a.m. A few lower-ranking officials will follow two hours later because they could not find space on the same flight.

French officials said they believed the Chinese requested the strong police protection so that newsmen could not pose questions about reports of political upheavals in the Peking leadership.

## Sweep Nets Suspected IRA Chiefs

### Second Massive Belfast Search

By Iver Peterson

BELFAST, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Nearly 1,000 British troops, searching for extremists and hidden weapons in Catholic areas of Belfast for the second time in 24 hours, today captured two suspected leaders of the Irish Republican Army, the army said.

Army sources said "several top IRA men were rounded up in sweeps in the Ardoyne," where six soldiers and four policemen have been shot to death since February.

The army did not identify the men. Army sources said they were being questioned by a special Scotland Yard murder squad investigating the killing of three Scottish soldiers in March.

The sources said one of the men was suspected of being involved in the triple killing. The other was believed to be the head of the IRA's militant "Provisional" wing in north Belfast.

The army believed the men returned to Northern Ireland from the Irish Republic only recently, the sources said.

One man was captured when he tried to flee a shebeen, an unlicensed bar, in the Ardoyne. Shooting broke out and, in the ensuing confusion, the second man was captured. There were no reports of anyone being injured.

The army said troops also seized ammunition, three electric detonators, two pistol-holders and maps in the search.

The army, meanwhile, also issued a statement denying allegations that soldiers had tortured internees suspected of extremist activity.

In Dublin, Irish Premier Jack Lynch told the Dail (parliament): "The present system of government in the North is inappropriate to the kind of society which exists there."

He said he had suggested a commission of Unionist and non-Unionist opposition government members be formed in the North to investigate a new system of government.

The Belfast newspaper Irish News today accused the British Army and Northern Ireland police of hushing up the seizure of weapons in Protestant areas.

"Detailed reports, from reliable sources, on arms finds without anyone being made amenable to the law, coupled with allegations that the arms were declared by the British security forces as having been found in Catholic areas," will be presented to members of the British opposition Labor party and the governing Conservative party, the newspaper said.

French officials said they believed the Chinese requested the strong police protection so that newsmen could not pose questions about reports of political upheavals in the Peking leadership.

The group arrived a few hours after the arrival at Orly of Huang Hua, former Chinese ambassador to Canada, who will travel with them to New York tomorrow.

The bulk of the group will leave at 10 a.m. A few lower-ranking officials will follow two hours later because they could not find space on the same flight.

French officials said they believed the Chinese requested the strong police protection so that newsmen could not pose questions about reports of political upheavals in the Peking leadership.

The group arrived a few hours after the arrival at Orly of Huang Hua, former Chinese ambassador to Canada, who will travel with them to New York tomorrow.

The bulk of the group will leave at 10 a.m. A few lower-ranking officials will follow two hours later because they could not find space on the same flight.

French officials said they believed the Chinese requested the strong police protection so that newsmen could not pose questions about reports of political upheavals in the Peking leadership.



Teen-aged victim of mob in Londonderry.

## Ulster Girl Shaved, Tared For Dating British Soldier

LONDONDERRY, Nov. 10 (Reuters).—Catholic women tied a 19-year-old girl to a lamp post, shaved her head and poured tar over her because she went out with a British soldier, it was revealed here today.

The girl was grabbed last night by a crowd of more than 80, in the Catholic area of Londonderry, who taunted her with cries of "soldier lover."

She was tied up, her hair shorn off and tar poured over her head and shoulders. She was released half an hour later.

It was the second attack on a girl in Londonderry in two days. On Monday, a 30-year-old girl was dragged from her home and her head shaved as a penalty for going out with a British soldier.

Tarring and feathering is a traditional punishment for youngsters who run afoul of the Irish Republican Army.

## Special Hardships Admitted

### State Department Says Jews In Russia Are Not Terrorized

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (UPI).—The State Department today told Congress yesterday that although Soviet Jews had to endure special hardships, their condition had not worsened in recent years and that they were not living in a state of terror.

In its most comprehensive public analysis of Soviet Jewry, the department sought to counter an impression, widespread among many congressmen and Jewish

groups, that Soviet Jews were undergoing unusual ordeals. "All Soviet citizens—not just Jews—suffer from the Soviet government's policy of militant atheism and its refusal to consider emigration as a right rather than a rare privilege," Richard T. Davies, deputy assistant secretary of state for European affairs, told a House Foreign Affairs subcommittee.

The subcommittee, headed by Rep. Benjamin S. Rosenthal, D.-N.Y., yesterday began a two-day session on "denial of rights to Soviet Jews."

All witnesses yesterday criticized the Soviet authorities for restrictions on Jewish life and emigration. But Mr. Davies said that it was necessary to have "a solid and realistic" evaluation of the actual status of the Jews as a starting point.

The State Department has generally been reluctant to discuss the problems of Soviet Jews in a formal, public way because of (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Yung-sheng, chief of the general staff; Gen. Wu Fa-hsien, the air force commander, and Gen. Li Tso-peng, the political commissar of the navy. Another key officer who has disappeared lately is Gen. Hsu Shih-yu, the military and political boss of central China.

(Marshal Lin is "either physically sick or politically sick," State Department sources said yesterday, the Associated Press reported. The sources indicated, however, that they could not say whether he was alive or dead.)

Flimsy evidence that Marshal Lin has been deposed is now available in a variety of indications coming from Peking and elsewhere.

Unimpeachable informants report, for example, that Communist party officials inside China are currently being told that Marshal Lin and his comrades plotted to assassinate Mr. Mao on three different occasions. There is no proof that this allegation is true.

## U.S. Foreign Aid Dealt New Blow In Senate Vote

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (UPI).—With anti-foreign aid sentiment still strong, the Senate narrowly voted late today to double interest rates on development loans overseas.

The vote, 45 to 42, came only a few hours after the administration had warned that the aid program will fold up completely Monday if continuing legislation is not past by then on an emergency basis.

"There is not one penny, not even a mill," to carry on after Nov. 15, the State Department declared.

But the Senate, preparing to approve tonight the first part of an interim aid program, demonstrated it was still bearish on the whole foreign aid issue.

Despite warnings from Sen. Jacob K. Javits, R., N.Y., that they were signaling the demise of development assistance abroad, senators defeated his amendment to authorize continued loans at 2 to 3 percent annual interest.

The bill now bars loans at an interest rate lower than the government must pay for money it borrows, which would double the present rate.

Alaska's Sen. Ted Stevens, a Democrat, said he failed to see why the U.S. government should lend money to Turkey and Iran to build a connection for a trans-European railroad when U.S. railroads are dying for lack of capital funds.

At the other end of the Capitol, the House, after preliminary delays, also was expected to vote tonight on a simple continuing resolution carrying the aid program along until the end of the present session of Congress. By that time, the measure's sponsors anticipated, an interim bill authorizing a revised and reduced program will be enacted to continue the assistance operation until next year.

But the administration was brooding a slow-moving Congress with the State Department's alarm call adding an urgent plea to President Nixon's appeal last night for congressional continuation of the program because it is "essential to maintain the peace of the world." (Story on Page 3.)

Accounting Office Ruling  
The State Department reported today that the General Accounting Office had told the Agency for International Development that no funds could be used either here or overseas after Monday's expiration of a continuing resolution authorizing the program.

Some senators who voted to kill the assistance program Oct. 29 had said that "pipeline" funds—previously appropriated but not yet spent—could be used to keep the aid agency going, pending a drastic overhaul of the program.

But the State Department spokesman, Charles W. Bray, said the advisory opinion of the GAO, Congress's watchdog on spending, had killed that idea.

"The result of this ruling makes clear that in the absence of a continuing resolution, AID's administrative apparatus, its entire Washington headquarters, and the administrative oversight of programs abroad, will disappear and AID will effectively be out of business as of Monday," he said.

"This lends further urgency to the need to provide a continuing resolution until such time as both of the houses of Congress (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

Below that level, the council said, companies with annual sales of \$50 million to \$100 million will have to report price, cost and profit information quarterly. Firms with 1,000 to 5,000 workers will have to report price increases when they take effect.

Spot Checks for Some  
Businesses below the largest and medium-sized categories will be subject to spot checks by the government, but they will not have to report their individual wage and price actions to the government.

Unless specifically exempted from the Phase-2 controls, all companies will be subject to the guidelines and decisions of the Price Commission and the Pay Board.

The council also issued a list of 10 categories of goods and services that will be exempt from price controls. Mr. Rumsfeld said that there also might be some exemptions allowed to wage controls.

Escape Story Told  
Communist cadres are being told as well that Marshal Lin tried to escape to the Soviet Union aboard the Chinese aircraft that mysteriously crashed about 100 miles inside Mongolia on the night of Sept. 12. The wreckage of the aircraft contained (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Lin Piao, Mao's successor-designate, was seen purged in Peking power struggle.

By Stanley Karnow  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Marshal Lin Piao, China's defense minister and Mao Tse-tung's officially designated successor, has evidently been eliminated in a major reshuffle within the Chinese Communist leadership.

Informed sources here say that his dismissal, which was apparently approved by Mr. Mao, came in a complicated power struggle that dates back many months but reached acute proportions during the summer and early fall.

Marshal Lin's purge clearly strengthens the authority of Premier Chou En-lai and his associates, among them Marshal Yeh Chien-ying, the vice-chairman of the Chinese Communist party's military affairs commission.

The ouster of Marshal Lin is also bound to tarnish the prestige of Mr. Mao, who personally selected the 64-year-old marshal to be his chief adjutant and constitutional heir.

Others Dismissed  
Sources believe that several senior Chinese officers have been dismissed along with Marshal Lin. They include Gen. Huang



Lin Piao.







# Party Fund-Raising Dinners Nixon Calls Revival of Aid to His Search for Peace

By James M. Naughton  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (NYT).—President Nixon, on the road in a campaign to raise funds for a re-election next year, swept into the White House last night to announce that he would revive the foreign aid program that he had defeated Oct. 29 in the Senate. The aid program, which would have cost \$1.1 billion a year, was defeated by a vote of 55-45.

# President's Choice of a for his first personal critic in the Senate action— can fund-raising dinners two cities, linked by aid

Mr. Nixon's choice of a first personal critic in the Senate action—can fund-raising dinners in two cities, linked by aid. The President's choice of a first personal critic in the Senate action—can fund-raising dinners in two cities, linked by aid. The President's choice of a first personal critic in the Senate action—can fund-raising dinners in two cities, linked by aid.

# ion Leader ails Nixon art Choice

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP).—Sen. J. William Fulbright, D., Ark., said today that President Nixon's choice of a first personal critic in the Senate action—can fund-raising dinners in two cities, linked by aid.

# Senators Score Kissinger Hold On Intelligence

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Sen. Stuart Symington, D., Md., and J. William Fulbright, D., Ark., said today that President Nixon's choice of a first personal critic in the Senate action—can fund-raising dinners in two cities, linked by aid.

# West Germany Over Berlin

BERLIN, Nov. 10 (UPI).—East German officials today said they would accept the Big Four agreement on Berlin.

# ked Girl, Nude Hefner Give inch That 'Playboy' Look

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP).—The British humor magazine, which dates back to the days of the sight of a woman's nude, strong men swoon.



UN-LITTERBUG—Two U.S. senators inspecting a device called the "Litter Gulper" during a demonstration Tuesday on Capitol Hill.

# Ending 25-Year U.S. Occupation Senate Votes Pact Restoring Okinawa to Japan's Control

By Spencer Rich  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (UPI).—The Senate voted 84 to 6 today to ratify President Nixon's Okinawa reversion treaty, returning Okinawa and the Ryukyu Islands to direct Japanese control after 25 years of U.S. administration.

# Sadat Meets 4 Hours With War Council

CAIRO, Nov. 10 (AP).—Instructions on air raid drills, assurances of Soviet support until "complete victory" and a photo of President Anwar Sadat in full military uniform at general command headquarters greeted Cairo newspaper readers today.

# Senators Score Kissinger Hold On Intelligence

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Sen. Stuart Symington, D., Md., and J. William Fulbright, D., Ark., said today that President Nixon's choice of a first personal critic in the Senate action—can fund-raising dinners in two cities, linked by aid.

# West Germany Over Berlin

BERLIN, Nov. 10 (UPI).—East German officials today said they would accept the Big Four agreement on Berlin.

# ked Girl, Nude Hefner Give inch That 'Playboy' Look

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP).—The British humor magazine, which dates back to the days of the sight of a woman's nude, strong men swoon.

# Japan Said To Balk at Connally Bid Resistance Reported To Yen Revaluation

By Richard Halloran  
TOKYO, Nov. 10 (NYT).—John B. Connally, Secretary of the Treasury, ran into strong resistance today in his efforts to have Japan undertake a major revaluation of the yen.

Mr. Connally arrived here last night on the last leg of his Asian tour for what Japanese officials consider to be discussions that are critical to the economic and diplomatic relations between Japan and the United States.

# House Votes, 288-91, to Limit Making, Use of Pesticides

By Richard L. Lyons  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (WP).—The House yesterday approved, 288 to 91, a bill to regulate manufacture and use of DDT and other pesticides.

# Sicilian Confesses Slaying 3 Girls; Lynchers Balked

MARSALEA, Sicily, Nov. 10 (UPI).—A 30-year-old office handyman confessed early today to a triple murder which stirred nationwide demands for a return of the death penalty.

# Russia Agrees To Pay Claim of U.S. Fishing Firm

WESTPORT, Mass., Nov. 10 (NYT).—The president of a New England lobster company said yesterday the head of the Russian fishing fleet has agreed to "compensate in cash" for damage done to his fishing gear by Soviet fishing trawlers earlier this year.

# Alitalia Cuts Fares 20-30 Pct.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP).—Alitalia, the Italian airline, announced today that it was filing with the U.S. Civil Aeronautics Board tariffs providing for 20 percent reduction in year-round first-class fares and 30 percent lower basic economy fares between New York and Rome effective Feb. 1.

# Freddy Perfumes Gloves - Bags - Gifts 10 RUE AUBER, PARIS SPECIAL OFFER DISCOUNT

CLOSED TODAY. WILL BE OPEN TOMORROW AS USUAL.

# French Official Asks Why Premier Didn't Get Tax Bill Paper Printed

PARIS, Nov. 10 (AP).—An investigation is being launched into the publication of Prime Minister Jacques Chaban-Delmas's tax bill.

# DDT Spread Is Criticized By EEC Aide

ROME, Nov. 10 (UPI).—One of Europe's leading statesmen, Sisco L. Mansholt, today contradicted an American Nobel Prize-winner, Norman E. Borlaug, and said the pesticide DDT is more dangerous than many persons think.

# House Votes, 288-91, to Limit Making, Use of Pesticides

By Richard L. Lyons  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (WP).—The House yesterday approved, 288 to 91, a bill to regulate manufacture and use of DDT and other pesticides.

# Sicilian Confesses Slaying 3 Girls; Lynchers Balked

MARSALEA, Sicily, Nov. 10 (UPI).—A 30-year-old office handyman confessed early today to a triple murder which stirred nationwide demands for a return of the death penalty.

# Russia Agrees To Pay Claim of U.S. Fishing Firm

WESTPORT, Mass., Nov. 10 (NYT).—The president of a New England lobster company said yesterday the head of the Russian fishing fleet has agreed to "compensate in cash" for damage done to his fishing gear by Soviet fishing trawlers earlier this year.

# Alitalia Cuts Fares 20-30 Pct.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP).—Alitalia, the Italian airline, announced today that it was filing with the U.S. Civil Aeronautics Board tariffs providing for 20 percent reduction in year-round first-class fares and 30 percent lower basic economy fares between New York and Rome effective Feb. 1.

# Freddy Perfumes Gloves - Bags - Gifts 10 RUE AUBER, PARIS SPECIAL OFFER DISCOUNT

CLOSED TODAY. WILL BE OPEN TOMORROW AS USUAL.

# DDT Spread Is Criticized By EEC Aide

ROME, Nov. 10 (UPI).—One of Europe's leading statesmen, Sisco L. Mansholt, today contradicted an American Nobel Prize-winner, Norman E. Borlaug, and said the pesticide DDT is more dangerous than many persons think.

# House Votes, 288-91, to Limit Making, Use of Pesticides

By Richard L. Lyons  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (WP).—The House yesterday approved, 288 to 91, a bill to regulate manufacture and use of DDT and other pesticides.

# Sicilian Confesses Slaying 3 Girls; Lynchers Balked

MARSALEA, Sicily, Nov. 10 (UPI).—A 30-year-old office handyman confessed early today to a triple murder which stirred nationwide demands for a return of the death penalty.

# Russia Agrees To Pay Claim of U.S. Fishing Firm

WESTPORT, Mass., Nov. 10 (NYT).—The president of a New England lobster company said yesterday the head of the Russian fishing fleet has agreed to "compensate in cash" for damage done to his fishing gear by Soviet fishing trawlers earlier this year.

# Alitalia Cuts Fares 20-30 Pct.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP).—Alitalia, the Italian airline, announced today that it was filing with the U.S. Civil Aeronautics Board tariffs providing for 20 percent reduction in year-round first-class fares and 30 percent lower basic economy fares between New York and Rome effective Feb. 1.

# Freddy Perfumes Gloves - Bags - Gifts 10 RUE AUBER, PARIS SPECIAL OFFER DISCOUNT

CLOSED TODAY. WILL BE OPEN TOMORROW AS USUAL.

# DDT Spread Is Criticized By EEC Aide

ROME, Nov. 10 (UPI).—One of Europe's leading statesmen, Sisco L. Mansholt, today contradicted an American Nobel Prize-winner, Norman E. Borlaug, and said the pesticide DDT is more dangerous than many persons think.

# House Votes, 288-91, to Limit Making, Use of Pesticides

By Richard L. Lyons  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (WP).—The House yesterday approved, 288 to 91, a bill to regulate manufacture and use of DDT and other pesticides.

EXCITING!  
FLAVOUR  
AND  
GAIETY  
OF SPAIN  
LA INA

SHERRY BY DOMECO THE MASTER SHERRYMAKERS



## Parliament Agrees to Extend Sanctions Against Rhodesia

LONDON, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Parliament approved tonight the extension of economic sanctions against Rhodesia for another year even as the government prepared for last-ditch peace talks with the white rulers of the breakaway former African colony.

Both the House of Commons and House of Lords approved the government motion without dissent. No vote was taken.

## Brandt Urges Mrs. Gandhi To Avoid War

BONN, Nov. 10 (UPI).—West German Chancellor Willy Brandt addressed an "urgent appeal" to Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi today to "quell the dangers of military conflict" between India and Pakistan.

He spoke at a state banquet ending the first day of Mrs. Gandhi's three-day visit to West Germany. Bonn is the last stop on her tour of six Western capitals to seek support for India.

In talks earlier today, Mr. Brandt was reported to have said he would look into the possibility of softening the terms of West German development aid to India and would work to promote agreement between India and the Common Market.

West Germany is the third largest provider of development aid to India, after the United States and the World Bank. India's balance of trade with West Germany is heavily in deficit.

Mrs. Gandhi was to discuss these issues later with Economics Minister Karl Schiller and Minister for Economic Cooperation Erhard Eppler.

### Indian Attack Reported

DACCA, Pakistan, Nov. 10 (AP).—Indian regular troops, supported by artillery, attacked Pakistani positions on the southern border of East Pakistan, a Pakistani Army source said last night.

He said 18 Indians had been killed at Jatiapura and 23 near Lalgarh. In a similar attempt near the northern border at Panhat, 16 Indians were killed, he said. Three Pakistani soldiers were wounded, the source added.

The Foreign Secretary, Sir Alec Douglas-Home, planned to fly to Rhodesia Sunday in a last bid to agree on terms under which Britain could recognize Rhodesian independence and call off sanctions.

Rhodesia's white minority government proclaimed independence unilaterally on Nov. 11, 1965, after failure to agree with Britain on a new constitution that ultimately would give power to the country's black African majority.

The Africans in Rhodesia total 4.5 million, compared with 250,000 whites. Britain's answer was to apply economic sanctions in the hope of bringing Rhodesian Premier Ian Smith's administration to its knees. The attempt did not succeed. But Britain has extended the sanctions yearly since 1965.

Introducing the sanctions-extension bill in the House of Lords, Lord Latham, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said sanctions must continue until agreement is reached.

The Lords agreed to the order extending sanctions for another year without dissent. No vote was taken.

"It would be dangerous to take for granted at this stage that an agreement will be possible," Lord Latham said. "Even if it is reached, its terms would then have to be accepted by the people of Rhodesia as a whole."

By this he meant it would have to be acceptable both to the white and black populations.

He said that if the British government is satisfied that the terms are acceptable to the Rhodesians as a whole, it will take the necessary legislative action to implement the agreement.

"The government would then recommend to Parliament an act to grant Rhodesia independence," he added. "At this point sanctions would cease to be necessary, but in the meantime they must be maintained."

### U.S.-Rhodesia Ties Hit

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Nov. 10 (UPI).—Fifteen Afro-Asian countries and Yugoslavia today introduced a draft resolution calling on the United States not to import Rhodesian chrome. Congress's recent decision to permit importation of the chrome "would constitute a serious violation of the Security Council resolutions imposing sanctions against the illegal regime" of Premier Ian Smith, the draft says.



Passengers evacuating a hovercraft that ran aground yesterday near Calais.

### Hovercraft Crippled in Channel

## Cold, Storms End Europe's Balmy Autumn

From Wire Dispatches

PARIS, Nov. 10.—A cold wave accompanied by high winds and rainstorms struck Europe today, flooding parts of Italy, crippling a hovercraft in the English Channel and covering the Alps and the Pyrenees with snow. Europe's balmy autumn was definitely over.

Rain fell in Paris yesterday, ending the French capital's driest autumnal period in a century. The dry spell had produced only 18.1 millimeters of rain in the two months ending Oct. 31. It was the lowest September-October rainfall since records began to be kept here in 1873.

Gales and rainstorms battered Italy from Sicily to the Alps, triggering flash floods, tearing up trees and roofs and swamping Venice. One man was killed in Rome when his car hit a plane tree as he was driving in a blinding rainstorm.

Wide sections of the countryside near Rome were under water. Whipped up by the wind, waves lashed the coastal highway on the Tyrrhenian Sea from Civita Vecchia to Anzio.

### Under Water

In Venice, St. Mark's Square and low-lying areas were under water for nearly one hour before dawn. The high tide slowly receded with a cold north wind. Snow fell for the third straight

day in the Alps and the Dolomites above 1,500 meters, while rain battered the valleys.

The cold wave gripped most parts of Spain, giving Madrid the season's first night of frost and dropping the mercury to 19 degrees Fahrenheit at the village of La Granja de San Ildefonso, north of the capital.

The Pyrenees, the Sierra Guadarrama and other mountain ranges were powdered with newly fallen snow above 1,500 meters. Half a meter of snow fell on the mountains south of the Atlantic seaport of Santander.

In Andalusia and on the Mediterranean coast, a prolonged Indian summer ended abruptly with a sharp drop in temperatures and torrential rainfalls in Barcelona and Valencia.

The rain, which fell on most of the country, was welcome in northern and western Spain, areas where several towns had been forced to ration water because of a three-month drought.

In the English Channel, a large hovercraft headed for England was damaged in heavy seas and 147 passengers were put aboard lifeboats and taken to shore at Calais.

### Soviet Ships Leave Cuba

MIAMI, Nov. 10 (AP).—A six-ship Soviet task force, including a cruiser and a submarine, left Havana last night after a nine-day visit to Cuba, Radio Havana said.

### Soviet Dissident

## Bukovsky Reportedly Ruled Sane and Due for Trial Soon

MOSCOW, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Russian dissident Vladimir Bukovsky is legally sane and will be tried for alleged anti-Soviet activities, dissident sources said today.

Mr. Bukovsky, 28, was found "normal" by a panel of psychiatrists who studied him for two months at Moscow's Serbsky Psychiatric Institute, the sources said.

Dissident circles had feared that he would be declared insane and committed to an asylum. Before his arrest in March, 1970, Bukovsky protested that apparently sane persons are confined to Soviet mental hospitals for their political views.

Mr. Bukovsky is a leader of Moscow's tiny but active political underground. He is charged under Article 70 of the Russian Federation Criminal Code, which deals with anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda.

According to the sources, Mr. Bukovsky's mother today received a telephone call from the chief investigator in her son's case. He told her a panel of psychiatrists had found Mr. Bukovsky "normal."

### Open Letter

The call came one day after Western newsmen reported that human-rights organizations had been sent an open letter in which two prominent scientists and more than 60 other persons protested against Mr. Bukovsky's isolation.

The investigator told Mrs. Bukovsky that his investigation would be completed around the end of the month and her son would then go on trial, the sources said.

The letter had asked for the investigation to stop and for its results to be given to Mr. Bukovsky's mother.

"His relatives have not been given one meeting with him," the letter said. "They (authorities) have not allowed one letter nor

### New Year to Arrive

#### A Bit Late in Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV, Nov. 10 (AP).—The chief rabbi of Tel Aviv has ordered all hotels in the city to cancel New Year's Eve celebrations this year because Dec. 31 falls on the Jewish Sabbath.

Hotel managers have indicated that they will delay their parties until the Sabbath ends.

## Rome March Staged by 3 Farm Unions

### Other Labor Groups Schedule Walkouts

ROME, Nov. 10 (UPI).—Thousands of farmers marched through heavy rain in central Rome today to demand the parliament pass a law improving their economic status.

Elsewhere, several thousand workers struck over a variety of pay demands, and the nation's three major unions announced a series of walkouts involving railroad workers, postal employees, civil servants and employees of semi-government agencies. The strikes will begin Monday.

There were no incidents as the farmers demonstrated in Rome.

The farmers who belong to the Communist-led General Confederation of Italian Labor, the Confederation of Italian Workers Unions and the Union of Italian Labor came to Rome in hundreds of buses from all over the country.

They were protesting, among other things, the fact that Italy contributes more money to European Common Market farmers than to farmers at home.

### Strikes Called Off

The three major unions called off a strike that was scheduled to begin today by thousands of employees of the National Social Security Institute. Labor Minister Carlo Donat Cattin said that he would negotiate on their demands for more money.

But the unions confirmed a strike order to postal employees and said that the walkout would disrupt or halt mail deliveries, telephone and telex services and telegrams.

Rail workers are scheduled to strike for 24 hours starting at 9 p.m. Nov. 20.

Two unions said they would go ahead with a national strike by civil servants from Nov. 16 to Nov. 19, but the third held up its strike orders pending another negotiating round with the government.

A strike today disrupted or halted many municipal services, including city-operated nursery schools, markets, cemeteries, libraries and offices.

## Maude Fealy, 90, Ex-Actress, Dies

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 10 (AP).—Maude Fealy, 90, a character actress reputed to have had a part in every talking motion picture made by Cecil B. De Mille, died yesterday.

Private graveside services are scheduled Friday for the actress, who died at the Motion Picture Country House and Hospital, Woodland Hills.

Her last film was "The Ten Commandments," which was also Mr. De Mille's last picture. Mr. De Mille died in 1959.

### John S. Dwinell

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP).—John S. Dwinell, 69, a retired Army colonel who was a member of the military court that convicted Ise Koch of murder at the Buchenwald concentration camp in Germany, died Sunday in a Veterans Administration hospital here.

Mr. Dwinell, a 40-year career man in the Army, was a lawyer with the judge advocate general's corps in postwar Germany.

## INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES

### INTERNATIONAL MARKETING REPRESENTATIVE

Specialty and Graphic Arts  
Chemicals, Industrial Packaging  
Materials and Capital Equipment.

#### Marketing Area: WESTERN EUROPE

The entrepreneurial individual we are seeking for this outstanding opportunity is familiar with the above products, as well as the product marketing opportunities. He is a college graduate, fluent in English as well as at least one other major European language and has approximately 7 to 10 years of international marketing experience. He may currently be living anywhere in Western Europe (eventual relocation London).

Our client, a major U.S. corporation, listed on the New York Stock Exchange, will require this individual to aggressively take on the following responsibilities:

1. Identify, set up and work with independent agents throughout Europe;
2. Deal with current, and develop through direct sales, new customers;
3. Identify and report on acquisition opportunities and joint ventures;
4. Through motivational concepts, fully develop this market, utilizing to best advantage international marketing concepts.

Initial compensation will be in the mid to high teens (U.S. Dollars) plus bonus, with substantial tax incentives. Opportunities for increased earnings are excellent.

Interviews will be held in December, in London, Paris, Frankfurt and Geneva.

Write, in complete confidence, to Mr. John Kierstead, V.P.

**MK & F**  
McGilland, Kierstead & Fenn  
Consultants to Management  
Pan Am Building, Suite 303E  
200 Park Avenue, New York 10017

Respond via Air Mail, United States of America.

### MANAGING DIRECTOR

Managing Director's position immediately available with HYCEL EUROPE, N.V. of Brussels, Belgium, a wholly-owned subsidiary of HYCEL, INC., Houston, Texas.

Successful candidate will be MBA level University graduate with 5 to 10 years management experience in areas of clinical instrumentation and information handling systems with primary strength in marketing. Experience must include proven record of successful planning and achievement of profit objectives.

Aggressive individual must be European born and resident, 35 to 45 years of age, and have full command of English, French and/or German. Must have detailed knowledge of European medical and/or hospital markets.

Excellent compensation based on background and experience plus incentive bonus, profit sharing, insurance programs and paid vacations.

#### Send complete resumé to:

Mr. John J. Moran  
Chairman of the Board  
HYCEL EUROPE, N.V.  
123 Avenue Winston Churchill  
1180 Brussels, Belgium.

### CONTROLLER

A leading international U.S. cosmetics and toiletries company requires a Controller for its French subsidiary located in Paris.

This key position involves the directing of financial, accounting, budgeting and tax functions of the company.

#### The ideal candidate will:

- Be a CPA or equivalent;
- Have at least several years' professional experience at senior level in the financial control field;
- Be thoroughly conversant with modern U.S. accounting principles and procedures;
- Be fluent in both French and English.

Please send full curriculum vitae including photograph and salary requirements to:

Box D 2,857, Herald Tribune, Paris.

## TREASURER AUSTRALIA LOCATION

Unusually attractive opportunity for a sophisticated financial executive contemplating early retirement from his present position.

Consine Riotinto of Australia Ltd., headquartered in Melbourne, Australia, is a major growth corporation which has numerous subsidiary and associate companies engaged in the discovery and development of Australia's diverse natural resources. Our growth and successful development of new mineral resources have made us pre-eminent in the field and our capital requirements are therefore constantly expanding.

Our need is for a Treasurer who will have primary responsibility in negotiating our major capital requirements in local and international money markets. The Treasurer will also be responsible for financial planning, investment of short term funds and management of the pension fund.

Requirements: Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer for \$300 million public company; negotiated several \$100 million plus transactions; sound relationships with international financial institutions.

Compensation and contract geared to attract an outstanding Financial Executive.

Please reply in confidence to:  
Box D 2,876, Herald, Paris

Only replies giving full career and salary history will be considered.

### GROUP CONTROLLER

Small Multi-national professional service company with considerable growth requires 30 to 45-year-old V.P. FINANCE who is exceptionally bright, dynamic, highly self-motivated, with 3 to 5 years experience in International Auditing firm. Public Company experience desirable. Considerable international travel involved. Initial location in London, England.

Send resumé and salary requirements to:

Box D-2,864, Herald Tribune, Paris.

### ELEMENTARY PRINCIPAL NEEDED

Elementary grades N-8th (320 pupils). To begin mid-December 1971 American Community School of Milan. Some experience preferred. Contract and salary to be negotiated. Range \$10,000-\$13,000.

Contact: Mackey. Phone: 578,246, Milan.

### EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE

#### AMERICAN ADVERTISING AGENCY OWNER

Currently operating very successful 10-year-old advertising and direct mail agency. Previously vice president-director of soft goods publications. Strong standing in business community but wish to change life-scene and reside major European city. Seek executive sales, marketing or advertising challenge, or will invest modestly in similar or unrelated business. 46 years of age. Single. Plan to be in London and other cities December.

Daniel Saxon, 2631 Carnation, Los Angeles, Calif. 90026, U.S.A.

### NETHERLANDS INTERNATIONAL ADVERTISING AGENCY

## MANAGING DIRECTOR

One of the fastest expanding international advertising agencies in the world, desiring to increase the scope of its activities in the Netherlands, wishes to appoint a Dutch national as General Manager.

This man should have large experience of management positions in the fields of advertising and marketing, as well as a stature in the business community that will enable him to significantly increase current operations.

Extremely generous salary will be paid to the right man, who ideally will be aged between 30 and 40.

Answers to H.T. No. 30,229, 28 Great Queen St., London, W.C.2.

### NOTICE TO MUTUAL FUND MANAGEMENT COMPANIES

Renew your investors' confidence by offering Life and Investment Insurance. Retired Managing Director of Life company has complete Underwriting, Actuarial and reinsurance facilities available in all languages. Submit requirements to:

Box D-2,875, Herald Tribune, Paris.

### EXECUTIVE, HOTEL AND RESTAURANT INDUSTRY

Multilingual, 32 years old, U.S. citizen, Italian born, returned to Europe after eight years in U.S.A. — University graduate complete Business Management and Hotel and Restaurant Administration — 18 years experience in Europe, U.S.A., Hawaii and Central America. — Last 5 years in executive positions.

Box 182, Tribuna, Mercoledì 26, Rome, Italy.

### USA MBA (INT'L BUSINESS)

Law degree, fluent English, French, Spanish. 30 years old, male. Wide experience in American and Spanish business principles and practices. Currently employed Fortune Top 50. Seeking position at general management level in U.S. subsidiary in Spain.

Write: Box 30,221, H.T. 28 Great Queen St., London, W.C.2.

### U.S. EXECUTIVE

Extensive experience legal, contract negotiations and relations Africa, U.S., Europe, speaks responsible position in American oil and other industry in Western Europe. Complete fluency English, French, Spanish.

Box D-2,874, Herald, Paris.

### FINANCIAL EXECUTIVE

Dynamic, profit oriented and hardworking, with ten years experience in problem solving assignments with leading European companies and subsidiaries of U.S. corporations, fluent in German, English and French, seeks challenging position in Continental Europe, preferably to assume responsibility for the Controller and Treasury functions with subsidiary of fast growing multinational corporation.

Write: Box D 2,871, Herald Tribune, Paris.

### BANKING EXECUTIVE

Long experience including foundation merchant and commercial banks, has held senior position in multi-national group, now seeks new assignment. Holds privileged resident's permit France, and Frontalier permit Geneva. Fluent French, written and spoken.

Please reply Box D 2,880, Herald Tribune, Paris.

هكذا من النجمل



Rome Staged Farm  
Other Labor Schedule  
ROME, Nov. 10 (AP) — Thousands of workers today in Rome today are protesting against their economic situation. Elsewhere, workers strike, say demands for a series of railroad strikes, and employees of agencies. The Monday. There were no farmers in Rome. The farmers' communist-led federation of the confederation of unions and the labor came to the buses from the city. They were not other things, but contribute to the open Communist from to farmers. Strikes in the three days off a strike to begin today. Employees of the Security Ministry Carlo said he would demand for more. But the strike order to not said that the groups of half telephone and the department. Rail workers strike for 24 hours p.m. Nov. 2. Two unions ahead of the strike. Nov. 12, he said, strike every morning and afternoon. A strike in the United States and studies of the economy, and the economy of the

NDS  
RTISING:  
GIN  
TO

Intercontinental  
to the United  
with the  
object.

performance of  
living and  
the economy  
the economy.

he paid to be  
in 27 and 28  
25 Great  
C.O.

VAI

UAL P  
COMPAN

offering the  
management of  
Accounting

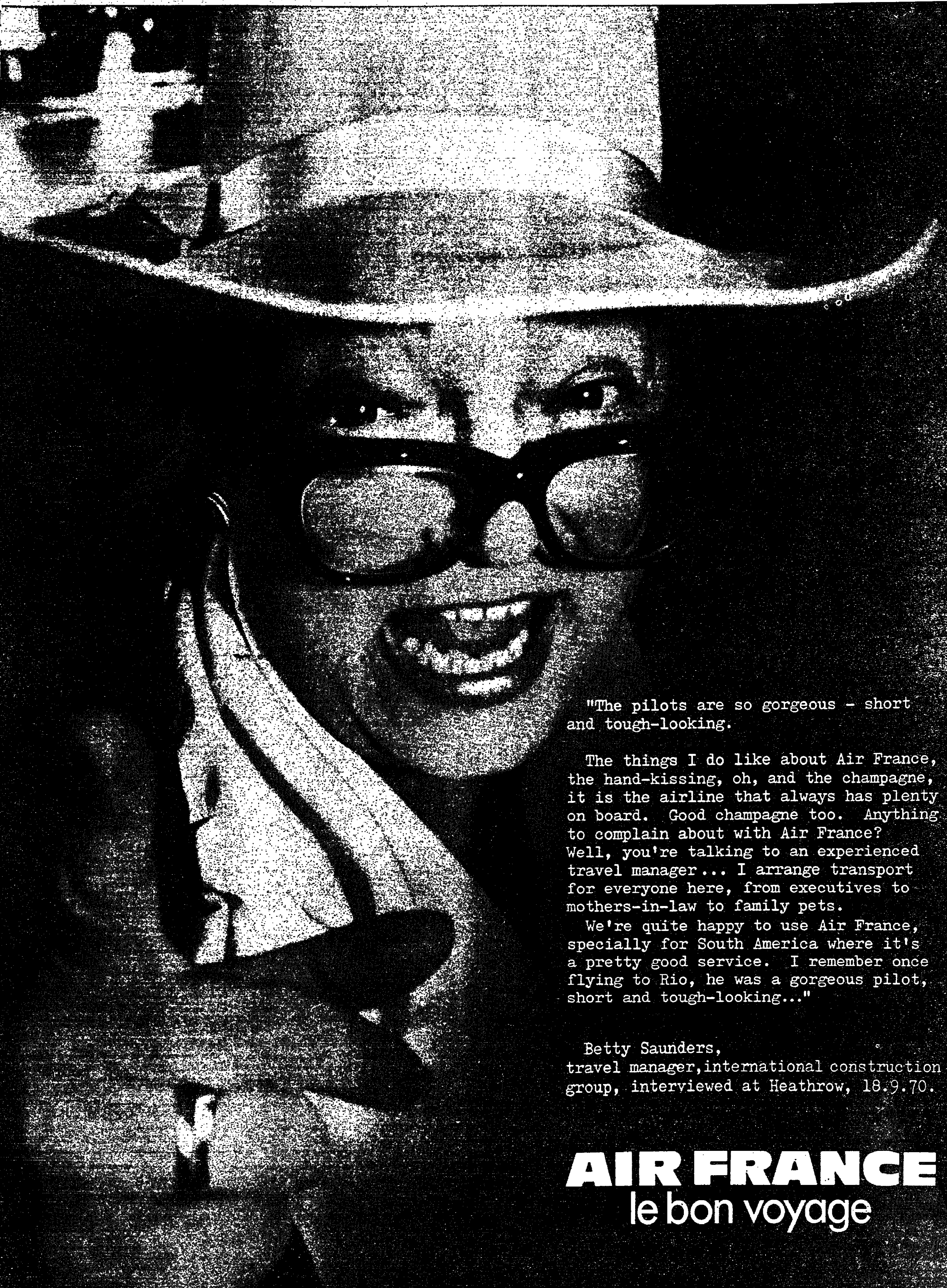
Home, Post  
VE,  
ANT INDU

U.S. E

KECU

ECUTIVE

to those



"The pilots are so gorgeous - short and tough-looking.

The things I do like about Air France, the hand-kissing, oh, and the champagne, it is the airline that always has plenty on board. Good champagne too. Anything to complain about with Air France? Well, you're talking to an experienced travel manager... I arrange transport for everyone here, from executives to mothers-in-law to family pets.

We're quite happy to use Air France, specially for South America where it's a pretty good service. I remember once flying to Rio, he was a gorgeous pilot, short and tough-looking..."

Betty Saunders,  
travel manager, international construction  
group, interviewed at Heathrow, 18.9.70.

**AIR FRANCE**  
le bon voyage



## The Pace of Mideast Diplomacy

"I shall not allow 1971 to pass without the battle [with Israel] being resolved, either by war or by peace," Egypt's President Sadat said July 23. But of course he will. Peace by the year's end is out of the question. Nobody's ready to compromise. And there is, by Mideast standards, no more than routine danger of war.

Israel, enjoying both the possession of Egyptian territory and an American-made cease-fire, simply has no logical incentive for war. Some partisans of President Sadat insist that he is the prisoner of his rhetoric and cannot much longer hold his championing army back, but his record belies that belittling judgment. Since replacing Abdel Gamal Nasser, he has survived a serious political challenge, turned his people's attention toward domestic reform, and made more effective arrangements with Russia for the defense of Egypt against Israeli air strikes. The result is that he is freer than ever from a compulsion to lead Egypt to a fourth defeat, as the experts agree another war would be. A policy combining ardent slogans and prudent acts seems to suit his diverse political needs. Certainly that's better than the other way around.

The attitude of the superpowers is also relevant. Moscow, by agreeing to receive Mr. Nixon next May, has in effect said it won't precipitate a Mideast collision before then. Moreover, the deeper the Russians penetrate into the Egyptian military, the more they presumably discover its inadequacies relative to Israel. Moscow, could compensate by assuming an even larger direct combat role than it had before the cease-

fire started in August, 1970, but that would involve political and military risks it can hardly wish to accept before next May. Soviet policy comes down to waiting.

Waiting for what? For the United States to force Israel to withdraw to pre-1967 borders on terms acceptable to Egypt. The U.S. wants a settlement in a hurry. There would be easier relations with the Kremlin, political rewards in 1972. To a settlement pressed by Washington, however, Israel prefers a peace fashioned with Egypt. In pursuit of a made-in-America settlement, Secretary Rogers is trying to compromise Egyptian-Israeli differences. The Egyptians stand firm, so the compromises now all involve Israeli concessions. In an interim settlement, Mr. Rogers argues, Israel should let Egyptian forces cross the Suez Canal, accept a certain time limit on the cease-fire, and agree to move on to complete withdrawal from Sinai. To overcome Israel's reluctance to accept these points, the United States is withholding Phantom jets, which are militarily, politically and psychologically Israel's critical weapon.

The pressure is not working. American undercutting of its negotiating position while cutting off its Phantoms has stirred Israel's deepest fears and alarms and has frozen its Mideast diplomacy. The way to thaw it is for the United States to open the Phantom pipeline—what goes through it may not be so important as Israel's knowing that it's open—and to back off and let Egypt and Israel reach toward each other at their own pace.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

## An End to Cuba's Isolation

Fidel Castro's imminent arrival in Chile for his first visit to South America in more than 11 years unquestionably symbolizes the beginning of the end of the effort to isolate Cuba in the hemisphere, even though the host government in this instance is a left-wing coalition led by a Socialist long friendly to Mr. Castro.

There is no doubt, that many—perhaps most—Latin-American governments now share President Allende's strong desire to bring Cuba back into the inter-American system. The breadth of that sentiment is indicated by the announcement that General Velasco, head of Peru's military government, will meet Mr. Castro during a stop at the Lima airport on the Cuban premier's trip to Chile.

Even more impressive evidence of the wish to end Cuba's isolation was the decision to admit the Castro regime to the meeting in Lima last week of 95 developing countries—a decision unanimously backed by all Latin-American participants, including those strongly opposed to Communism and Cas-

troism. A Peruvian diplomat commented that Cuba is "an integral part of Latin America, and the United States has to realize this."

This indicates the other Latin-American governments are now satisfied that Mr. Castro no longer seeks to export his revolution by training, financing and even directing guerrilla forces bent on subverting them. They wish therefore to rescind Cuba's 1962 expulsion from the Organization of American States and the economic boycott voted by the OAS in 1964.

No U.S. initiative is required here, only a willingness to abide by majority wishes whenever the issue arises in the OAS. Cuba has ridiculed the OAS in language similar to that once used by Peking for the United Nations. But if Castro changes his line and most OAS members want to invite him back, the United States should not bar the door. To try to do so would be to court in the hemisphere a humiliation comparable to the one Washington suffered in the UN on the China question.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

## International Opinion

### India and Pakistan

Both India and Pakistan have been untiringly pressing their cause against each other in the capitals of the world's most powerful countries ever since Kashmir brought them to blows. Such is the present tension over East Pakistan that both sides have been trying once more to see what international cards they can play. Mrs. Gandhi has been covering Western Europe and America; Mr. Bhutto has been sounding out the Chinese. Certainly the arguments have been almost all on Mrs. Gandhi's side; and one of her strongest arguments for tired ears has been that the issue is not simply the old quarrel under a new guise. She has maintained that the crisis which India faces with an insupportable number of refugees crossing into West Bengal, not to mention the continuing brutality of Pakistan's repression in East Pakistan, does not allow of any balancing of one country against the other. Pakistan, she says, is the country at fault and international pressure must make it plain. Where Mrs. Gandhi may find comfort is in Mr. Bhutto's mission to Peking. That Peking should be the only capital to which a Pakistan mission was sent is a sign of how weak Pakistan's case is.

—From the Times (London).

### Tito's Problems

At the age of 79, Marshal Tito still shows remarkable vitality in coping with problems as difficult as those of any national leader today. Yugoslavia experiences all the economic difficulties felt by other nations in southern Europe. But they are much harder to solve because of the commitment to decentralization, both in the form of industrial

democracy and in the form of a federal constitution binding together peoples who feel themselves to be separate nations and strongly resent central control. Yugoslavia's enemies have always been ready to take advantage of her disunity, and it would be rash to deduce from the apparent success of Mr. Brezhnev's recent visit to Belgrade that the Soviet Union is no longer an enemy. So far, Marshal Tito's prestige has been the main force holding the country together. We must wish him a few more years of health in which to impose on his compatriots the recipe for collective leadership that he has already made them formally adopt.

—From the Times (London).

### The Rhodesian Outlook

Sir Alec Douglas-Home's decision to go to Rhodesia this weekend is a change of plan. Unless he has reliable grounds for thinking that Ian Smith has retreated a long way from his previous grounds, Sir Alec's announcement must look like the second step on the slippery slope toward a sellout. The first step was Sir Alec's willingness to have "one more try" to settle with the Rhodesian Front even though Labor's experience and subsequent apartheid legislation both showed that negotiations were doomed to futility. The only conceivable good that could come out of Sir Alec's visit would be if he spoke to genuine African leaders and convinced himself that they would prefer sanctions to continue rather than see a sellout. Sir Alec's statement that the status quo benefits the Africans least of all is only true on the assumption that things are not about to become worse.

—From the Guardian (London).

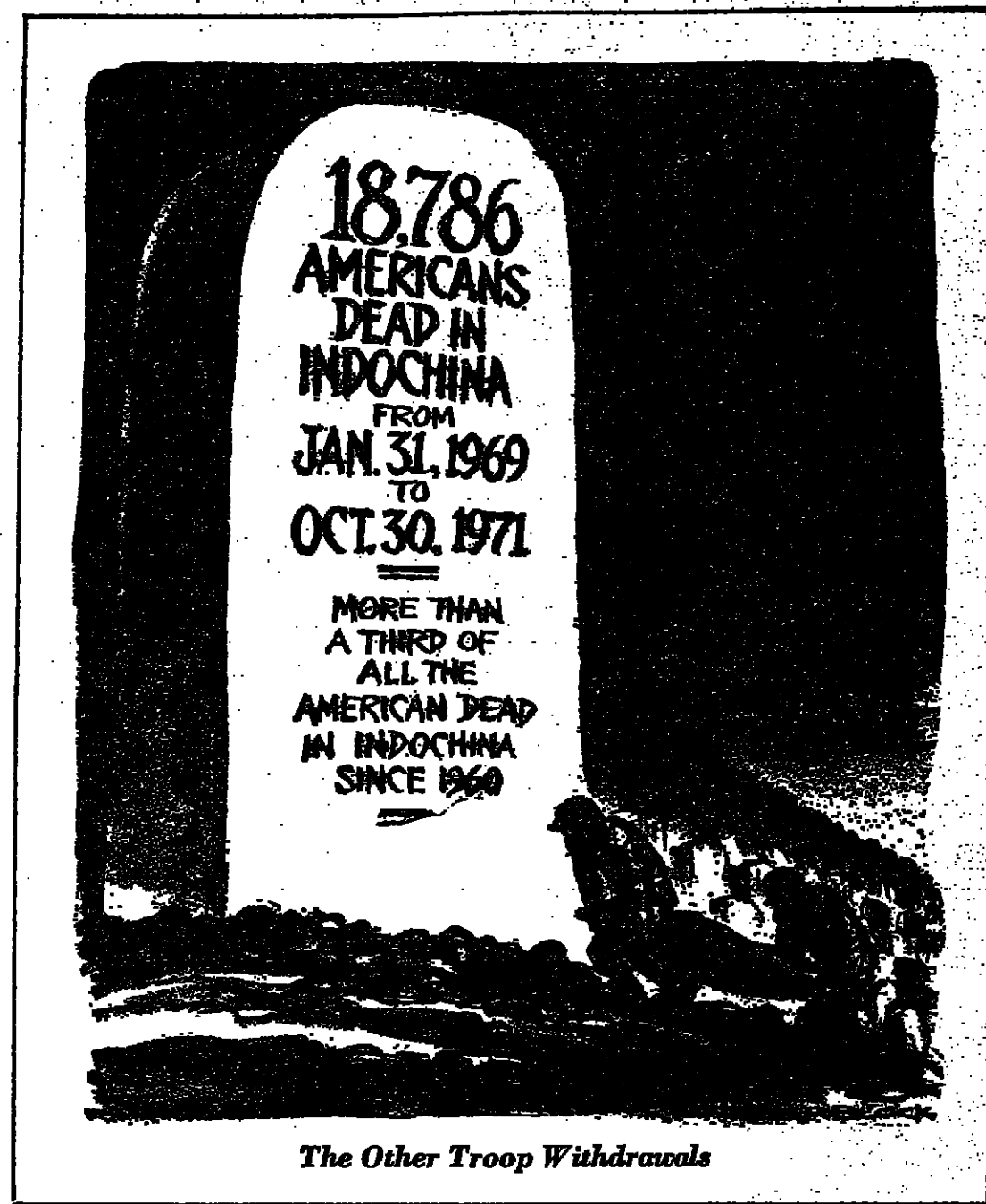
## In the International Edition

### Seventy-Five Years Ago

November 11, 1896  
MADRID—According to a telegram received here from Manila today the Spanish forces operating against the rebels in the Philippines have gained a brilliant victory over the insurgents who had occupied strongly fortified positions in the Noveleta. The fighting was of a desperate character, the rebels losing 400 dead, while the Spaniards lost 33. The Spaniards are in control of the situation.

### Fifty Years Ago

November 11, 1921  
PHILADELPHIA—Banishment of furs as women's summer wear and restriction of styles for winter garments, so as to reduce the demand and eliminate some of the suffering of fur-bearing animals in capture and trapping, was advocated in a discussion by delegates to the Convention of the American Humane Association. The delegates also called for more modern and especially humane ways of trapping.



## Lindsay: On Being 50

By James Reston

NEW YORK—His honor, Mayor John V. Lindsay of New York, will be 60 on the 24th day of this month, and as all old geezers know, this is a dicey and even dangerous age. It's not quite sensible, but at 50 you begin to feel you either have to get going or get out, and Lindsay is now somewhere in between. He is thinking about running for President of the United States, but is not yet running, and he is sending out his deputy mayor, Richard Aurelio, to look for ground swells.

This is one of the troubles with being 50. You still think other people may solve your problems. You are still young enough to be cautious and not yet old enough to be bold. At 60 Lindsay would really know it was the last call for the dining car. He would know Aurelio wouldn't bring back the answer, and he would say exactly what he thinks about Mr. Nixon and take on the whole Democratic party, and go home happily to his Mary if he lost. But 50 is a compromising age. It is the middle, the place where men are caught between their ambitions and their convictions, between their parents and their children, and in Lindsay's special case, between sticking on the job as mayor or going for the presidency, which alone has the power to deal with the developing tragedy of the American cities.

### Majority Opposed

Of course, almost everybody here is against his going for the presidency except his adoring staff. The taxi drivers are roaring their contempt. The New York "establishment"—business, journalism, education, and especially the ordinary people who have to put up with the savage turmoil of this violent and distracted city think a Lindsay campaign is presumptuous and slightly mad, and they may very well be right. Lindsay himself is inclined to agree with them.

And yet something tells him into the national struggle. He has tried to walk the streets of New York with the poor. He has tried to bring the new intelligent technicians into urban government at high salaries. He has organized the mayors of the nation, and played the young, handsome Lochlainn on television, but it hasn't quite worked. And after all his struggles with Gov. Rockefeller in Albany and Nixon and the Congress in Washington, it is clearly not going to work.

So he is flirting with the presidency, and while the odds are a thousand to one against him, why not? Fifteen years ago, who would have bet 1,000-1 that Jack Kennedy would be President in 1960, that Lyndon Johnson would be his Vice-President, that Kennedy would be killed, that Johnson would win in 1964 by the greatest margin in American political history and then retire, and that Richard Nixon would make the greatest comeback since Harry Truman's in 1948?

### Deserting Post?

It is said that Lindsay shouldn't run for the presidency because he would be deserting his job as mayor of New York and that New York depends on him, and this may be true. But at the same time it is said that it is all right for governors to leave their jobs to run for the presidency, and okay for Senators Muskie, Humphrey, Jackson, McGovern and Kennedy to be out campaigning, and neglecting their work in the Senate.

Lindsay, looking around at all these candidates, is just old enough not to be intimidated by the qualities of his Democratic competitors, and just young enough to think about challenging them. But he has a problem—many problems. If he goes for the presidency as a man who knows something now about the terrible problems of the cities and falls miserably in the primaries, he feels that he will hurt his cause of helping the cities.

So he is holding back, sending Aurelio out to test the political power centers, and temporizing. He has always done this. He has always been dragged into political adventures, not by personal conviction, but by the conviction, and on the urging of his friends. At the same time, he has always climbed up the political ladder by abandoning the job he was in. He was getting nowhere as a progressive Republican congressman in Washington, so he left it to run for mayor of New York. He was abandoned by the Republicans in New York, so he ran for re-election as an independent, and squeaked through. He was getting nowhere as an independent mayor with a Republican background, so he switched to the Democrats, and now he

is struggling, at 50, about whether to be a presidential candidate as a new boy, against the hostility of his old Republican friends and his new Democratic associates, who regard him as a Johnny-come-lately.

This is a hard decision at 50. You have to decide what to do with your life. The kids are leaving home, you have just had notice that you are now eligible for the seniors' tournament, and while you are just young enough to be a television star, you are also almost old enough to be a grandfather.

It will be interesting to watch how John Lindsay grapples with this complicated series of personal and political problems, and this is what political campaigns are all about. They test the character of men. They put before them terrible decisions, and in the process, the people decide what kind of men they are.

These struggles are now going on in the private and public lives of Muskie, Humphrey, Jackson, McGovern, and Kennedy. John Lindsay is only the last of the candidates, and his problem is particularly difficult because he is not only changing phases of his personal life, but changing parties at the same time.

## Physician, Heal Thyself—IV

By Anthony Lewis

LONDON—Two of my columns last month contrasted British and American medical care. They were commenting on a charge by the president of the American Medical Association, Dr. Wesley Hall, that standards under British National Health Service were tragic. The articles pointed out that health standards had risen dramatically here during the 30 years of the service, and by more than comparable American figures.

Numerous doctors have written to warn against the danger of facile comparisons between Britain and the United States. Some of the letters merely paraded standard AMA horrors: Americans are free, while the British learned to take orders during the war and now have been socialized. But others made serious points. Britain is a tiny country, in which even provincial doctors in most cases are in easy reach of London or other metropolitan centers. It has a relatively homogeneous society, with a long tradition of honesty in the public service. The British accept hierarchy to a remarkable extent, for instance in the commanding position given to medical specialists and the limited openings for younger doctors.

It is hardly necessary to draw the contrast with a country as large, as diverse, as unruly and as suspicious of hierarchies and traditions as the United States. Or one in which corruption is always a threat when there are large amounts of public money.

An American health program would have to be different in many ways. It should be administratively decentralized, with real independence and diversity allowed in regional or even smaller units. It neither could nor should attempt the rigid structuring of the profession that tends to apply in Britain. That still leaves one very large difference—in the character of the two countries' populations. Several doctors made the point that a nation's standards of

health may depend less on its quality of medical care than on its level of nutrition or other social factors. Dr. John V. Waller of New York wrote:

"In England there has been no problem of an uneducated, underfed, unemployed and underhoused minority comparable to that pertaining here. Eliminate those minorities and our statistics would compare favorably." Dr. Waller added that criticism of U.S. health figures would be "more convincing if backed by dismay at the curtailment of the school lunch program, the food stamp program and (help for) inadequate ghetto schools."

There was a moving letter from Dr. Joseph Kramer, who three years ago left a pediatric practice in the suburbs for New York's Lower East Side. If the AMA's Dr. Hall ever got to his slum area, Dr. Kramer said, he wouldn't say the situation was "tragic"—"he would be in shock." Dr. Kramer continued:

"I thought that I would swoop into the slums, open an office and wipe out disease. You know what's needed down here? Housing—I see at least one rat bite a week, the most recent just over the eyelid of an 11-month-old baby. So, department of community medicine: how do you handle that? What about drugs? ..."

Yes, the state of society matters more than the state of medical care. When an administration tries to cut off subsidized school lunches for 1 million or so needy American children, everyone ought to be shocked.

### Universality

But the differences between Britain and the United States should not prevent us from borrowing the best features of the National Health Service, notably its insistence on universality—the right of everyone in Britain to use the service if he wishes. Some better-off people go to private doctors, but the middle class overwhelmingly relies on the Health Service, thus preventing it from becoming a segregated system for the poor. That is crucial.

MOSCOW—November 7, the anniversary of the Great October Bolshevik Revolution, is the biggest holiday of the year in the Soviet Union, at least officially. The general public—like any general public—seems to regard this national day primarily as a good opportunity to relax and have some fun, but higher authority has grander ideas.

So Moscow is dressed up in lights and red bunting, the army and the leadership turn out in droves, and the newspapers have room for little else except news of the celebrations. It is as if an elaborate festival—a blend of a commercial American Christmas and a presidential inauguration—had been imposed by fiat from above.

This year the holiday provided a three-day weekend, a good opportunity for family gatherings and parties, or a trip to the theater or a restaurant. Russians always like to go out, and it's hard to find an empty seat in a Moscow theater at any time. But for this weekend the theaters put on extra performances, and are sold out. Restaurant tables are also fully reserved long in advance.

A crowd of young people looking for a shishlik dinner in a downtown eatery last Saturday night waited in line for much of the evening. Several young men carrying the little red book which identifies a privileged citizen barged right by the line and the man guarding the door, flashing their credentials as they passed. Another group slipped the same daily fellow some money to jump the queue.

A little earlier that evening, part of the official celebration of the Revolution took place in the Kremlin's gargantuan Palace of Congresses. Prominent party and government officials, foreign diplomats and press, and a few representatives of the public were invited to hear a lengthy speech and see a show.

### Politburo Member

The speech was given by V.V. Grishin, first secretary of the Moscow Communist party, member of the Politburo, and a master of Soviet rhetoric. His tour of Soviet horizons lasted more than an hour, interrupted almost ritually by periodic rounds of applause (all of which died suddenly when Leonid I. Brezhnev stopped clapping).

Grishin recapitulated a series of recent Soviet statements on domestic and world affairs, touching all bases as such speeches must, for no one person might read something into any omission. He chose to attack the Chinese in a way which persuaded Peking's charge d'affaires to walk out of the hall; that was the extent of the "news" in the speech.

Grishin spoke from a rostrum about five yards in front of his Politburo colleagues, all of whom sat at one long table. Despite the proximity, most of them made use of small earphones to hear the speech, which tended to be absorbed and lost in the hall's acres of carpet. The members of the ruling body of the Soviet Union often didn't listen to the speech at all, but conducted

animated conversations themselves instead.

An intermission followed his speech, and then a show. The curtain rose on a huge white-plaster stage. Lenin. Three actors sang melodramatic reading, "The Witch." A chorus, led by the orchestra of Bolshoi Theater then sang which is often a part of events. "The Party—Our Man." Politics thus dealt a program of song, dance, buffoonery followed. Some was of very high quality, not.

The next day Grishin's was published in virtually Soviet daily newspaper. The papers were filled with tales about the holiday. The newspaper Red Star, for its part, carried a long article by Trachenko's tank regiment, the Socialist competition of the 54th anniversary of the October Revolution, the best of excellent experts, qualified in both political and military training, has I ad.

Several papers carried poems, like this one from "Filled with glittering in."

Exciting statistics of the year plan; They are like branches green On the white tree-trunk dream.

Westerners do not have access to the Soviet public is difficult to say what all this has on ordinary. The holiday is widespread opportunity to add some little special to daily life.

### Stores Jammed

For several days before holiday weekend Moscow's stores were jammed with shoppers as consumers for a group of cities to get together to I say evening, then divide job of preparing it. So my find a good piece of sh another vodka, a bit meat.

In Moscow's one real market—which stayed open 11 p.m. for three nights the holiday—one of the sections was the vodka cognac counter. Was the caviar a worker in the stock asked? "Nyet."

On Sunday night, after Red Square parade which few ordinary people see, the streets of central Moscow were unusually crowded. People, their faces flushed and eyes bright, were like many youngsters carried and singing was coming through one group of about people who gathered around quickly dispersed by police.

Moscow's modest answer Fifth Avenue, Gorky Street aglow with lights and which would have made Christmas decorations, if Claus were substituted for merriment and merriment. An amb of thousands of bulbs attracted a constant of delighted onlookers.

Even the city's drunks—a more numerous than a seem to get special treat both from the public and from friends who often put them up, and from the (often peremptory on or Sunday nights) who found to nudge offenders gently direction of the bus or a stop on the night of the anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution.

## Letters

### Goose-Pimples

Ever since the Amchitzka trove began I have seen a lot of goose-pimples. One seriously of the world's when hearing radio news informing us in a new that "up to now no major have appeared in the east, and that there seems to be cause for concern. Alas, blat.

When is the next place for outer-space?

FERNANDO SCHWAB, Stuttgart, W. Germany.

### Russia and the U.S.

When looking at this and world one must draw the conclusion that Russia expects friends and allies, while the U.S. abandons them.

Braine-la-Croix (Belgium)







Net  
Low Last, Chge

[illegible]

## INTERNATIONAL FUNDS ADVERTISEMENT

[illegible]

## Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on Nov. 10, 1971				
	High	Low	Last	Change
1.05 Fed Grain	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2	+ 1/2
108 Fraser	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4	+ 1/4
173 Gt L Pap	14 1/4	14 1/4	14 1/4	+ 1/4
549 Greyhd Can	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	+ 1/4
6236 Guar Trust	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	+ 1/4

## European Markets

600	Can Tung	1.50	1.50	1.50	
418	Cassler	17.75	17.50	17.75	+256
2180	Chimlayo	2.10	2.02	2.09	-01
1003	C Marben	1.30	1.25	1.25	-05
3800	C Morris	1.28	1.20	1.20	-10
2020	C Rambur	1.31	1.30	1.30	-02
200	Conwest	7.23	7120	7.20	-05
450	Crgmt	7.30	7.15	7.15	-15

(Yesterday's closing prices  
in local currencies)

**Amsterdam** | IOS Mrt new  
Mark-Span...

Amsterdam | IOS Mgt now  
Mar & Spn - 22

715	Dents	20.12	20.12	20.12	-12	AKZO	26.50	Metha/Box	17.1
730	Dickens	.45	.45	.45	-.09	Algenbank	249.50	Nichols	5
930	Disc	Mins	.45	.45	.45	Amrobank	55.10	Rand/Mins	5
1000	Disol	Solid	2.75	2.75	2.75	AdamRubb	35.10	Rank Or	17.1
5200	Disol	4.05	4.05	4.05	-.49	Fokker	25.70	Roys/Dutch	5
220	Ent Ylfin	7.57	7.25	7.25	-.25	Heineken	210	R.T.Z.	5
400	Granduc	3.50	3.50	3.50	+.20	H.V.A.	61.50	Shell	5
1000	Graniste	5.80	5.80	5.80	+.05	Holland-Am	61.50	Thos. Inverl.	5
200	Holltag	34.00	34.00	34.00				Unifon Corp	5

**russeles** **Milan**

230 Pine P1	21.06	21.06	21.06	+82
252 Placer	26.75	26.75	26.75	-37
2933 Rayrock	1.18	105	105	-
1077 Sherrin	11.25	11.27	11.30	-25
5262 Sullivan	2.85	2.75	2.85	-
1580 Teck A	4.45	4.25	4.45	+10
1731 Teck B	3.95	3.85	3.85	-10
300 Tribble	.56	.56	.56	-

Arbed.....	3,448
Ast.-d.Mines.....	1,479
Coch.-Osgood.....	1,624
Electrolite.....	5,725
Lambert.....	1,615
Mt.Wolf.....	1,551
Pack.Industries.....	1,591
Spr. & Gravel Co.....	12,200

Flint.....	2,400
Finsider.....	48,000
General.....	48,000
LaRosa.....	1,000
Mentis.....	1,000
Oventi.....	1,000
Phosphates.....	1,000
Sinalco.....	1,000

.....	2,153	T-
.....	1,233	

2200 W Minas	2.39	2.21	2.26	-102	<b>Düsseldorf</b>		<b>FARIS</b>	
2200 W Wotry	.45	.45			AEG.....	123.50	AirLiquide....	350
<b>OILS &amp; GAS</b>					Aco,Thyssen.....	61.20	Bayer.....	144
400 Almirax	5.15	5.10	5.15		BAF.....	115.70	BNCI.....	12
400 A Qusar	4.80	4.80	4.80	-10	Basf.....	117	Can Pacific.....	318
2002 B P Oil	4.50	5.95	4.00		Commerzbank.....	20	C.G.E.....	393
345 Cef Del	14.87	14.75	14.87	-12	Cont.Gummi.....	99	Clare.....	20
210 Can Del	8.20	8.30	8.20	-10			Clare.....	20

Bank...	279	Créd. Comm..
Back...	267	Créd. Lyonn.

[illegible]

Michellin. . .	68.30
Mobil. . . . .	164.50
Nickel (Lp). .	186.50

Montreal Stocks				Volkswagen		Porsche	
300 Algonia	17 1/2	11 1/4	+	131	Ormin/Pat.	56	
400 Aesha	30	29 1/2	+	131	Peth/Mar.	56	
300 Bank Mont	15 1/4	15 1/4	+	142.50	Peth/Mar.	56	
300 Bank Mont	15 1/4	15 1/4	+		Peth/Mar.	56	
450 Can. Ind.	4.95	4.95	+10		Peth/Mar.	56	
1961 Can. Const.	4.35	4.35	-05		Peth/Mar.	56	
2000 Can. Const.	38 1/2	38 1/2	+		Peth/Mar.	56	
2000 Can. Const.	38 1/2	38 1/2	+		Peth/Mar.	56	

London			
Anglo-AmCo.	2.24		
Anglo-AmIn.	15.40		
BarclayBank	5.66		
BritishPet.	1.25		
Rh.Poulsen	21		
Rh.Tele.	26.51		
RoyalDutch.	187		
Shell	123.75		
Sh.Glob.	123.75		

Motor	3.22	Schneider...
.....	1.41	Shell.....
Tab..	2.99	Simca.....
.....	0.646	

[illegible]

.....	1.40	B. Bove-l....
rd...	1.42	Clb-Gelg/..
ed...	5.30	Cr Suisse...

2326 Royal Bank	24 1/2	25 1/2	26 1/4	- 1/2	GECC.....	1.42 1/2	Fischer.....	16 1/2
1070 Royal Trust	35 1/2	36 1/4	36	- 1/4	Glaxo Gr....	1.28	Mc'Rochie bl	18 1/2
91 SIL CLVUM	16 3/4	16 3/4	16 3/4		GI Univ....	1.12	Natlie.....	2 1/2
1721 Steinhart A	18 1/4	18 1/4	18 1/4	- 1/4	Gulf.....	1.57	Sarnine.....	2 1/2
101 Tropic Elec	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2		Hawker-Mid..	2.27	Sib B.Suisse.	2 1/2
143 Zellars	1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4	- 1/4	Hendon-Bay..	0.75	Syde.....	3 1/2
Total sales 688,339 shares.					ImpChem....	2.88	U.B.Suisse.	3 1/2

**Universal  
Telephone,  
Inc.**

**A public utility company  
Incorporated in 1961.**

---

**OVER THE COUNTER:**  
**Wednesday, November 10, 1971**  
**Bid: 5 1/2                      Asked: 6**

---

**Universal Building, 231 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin**

## FOREIGN INSTITUTIONAL SALESMAN

New York Investment Banking Firm seeks Institutional Salesman for its London Office. Research or Institutional background preferable. Period abroad 5-5 years following training in New York Office. Write fully in strict confidence, indicating salary requirements.

P.O. Box 226, Church Street Station  
New York, N. Y. 10008  
Department 38H

1 2

Union	89.23	(d) Enterprise Fund	
d	\$11.87	(c) Harbor Fund	
<b>STOCKS:</b>			
WEL TRUST	\$7.85	(d) Chase Selection Fd.	
WEL & Petr. Fd.	\$7.85	(d) Crossbow Fund	
WEL & Petr. Fd.	\$7.85	(d) Harbor Fund	
<b>S.M.O. FUNDS:</b>			
(d) Chase Selection Fd.		(d) Crossbow Fund	
(d) Harbor Fund		(d) Harbor Fund	

1 City Fund	\$23.88	(14) Int'l Technology Fd	
Liberty Can Fd	\$101.58	(15) Invert. Selection Fd	
Fund S.A.	\$79.73		
Japan Fund...	\$72.62	<b>BOWEN GROUPS GENERAL</b>	
Becker Ed....	\$9.87	— (1) Parion Sw & Est	BFL
	\$9.61	— (2) Securinvest	BS

Isara Pr	SP2.353	(d) Boreluz Capital Fund.	1.
South Fd. S.A.	2357.15	(w) Stanhope Transat Fd.	5
Secum. Fd. S.A.	\$542.68	(w) Stand & Poor Int. Fd.	23
Selection Fd.	SP12.05	(w) Star Fund	
Fund	\$7.25	(z) Suez Amer. RiskCapital	
Growth Fund	\$5.91		

STRALIA GROUP:		
Austral (AUS)	\$2.70	
Austral Sterling	Aus. \$3.58	
Bonds Aust.	Aus. \$1.04	
State Fund...	Aus. \$7.08	

(DA) LIMITED:		(w) Tokyo Cap.Holdings IV	
Pac Fd Ltd	\$11.58	(w) Tokyo Valer	
Dollar Fund	\$10.23	(w) Transpacific Fund	
International	\$9.39	(b) Tyndall Bermuda Fund	Fund
GrwthFdnInt'l	\$4.26	(b) Tyndall Inter. Fund	Fund
Overseas Fd	\$7.07	(b) Tyndall Overseas Fd	

Investors	\$9,185
investors	\$12,748
Gobst	\$27.05
	\$3.24
Miller Fund	\$10,000

UNION BANK SWITZ:	
(d) Amco U.S. sh.	sh
(d) Bond Invest.	Bid
(d) Kurit Ex. Sh.	Bid
(d) Poma Sw. sh.	Bid

of New York	\$10.85	(d)	Southwest	Rid	100
of Nations	\$8.82	(d)	Facilities Invest	Rid	100
	\$9.41	(d)	Safe S. A. 2d	Rid	100
	\$12.82	(d)	Sims Sw R-Rst	Rid	100
<b>PARTNERS:</b>			<b>UNION INVESTMENT</b>	<b>Franklin</b>	
Atlantic	40.00	(d)	Atlantic Bonds	100	100

Mass Fund	\$9.12	(c) Europeands	
Dynams Fd	\$8.99	(d) Unifonds	
		(d) Unicons	
New Int Corp.	Cen.\$12.01	(w) United Cap Inv Fd	
New Leverage	Cen.\$2.06	(d) U.S. Trust Invest Fd	
New Int Vent.	Cen.\$2.64	(d) Victory Fund S.A.	

of Funds	\$2.00	(w) Western Growth Fd.	\$2.00
Merling	\$2.00	(w) West. Hedge Fd. Cl A	\$2.00
	\$5.41	(d) World Equity Orth Fd.	\$5.41
of Funds	\$5.41	(w) Worldwide Securities...	\$5.41
Growth Fund	\$5.41	(w) Worldwide Special	\$5.41
Growth Fd.	\$5.41	(w) Zodiac Common Fund	\$5.41
	\$5.41	(w) Zodiac Fund	\$5.41

DM - Deutsche Mark. \* - Exchanged: + - New; NA - Not available  
BF - Belgian franc; LF - Luxembourg franc; SF - Swiss franc  
+ - Offer price. a - Asked.

... Fund	\$128.83	*For the time being no new
... Fund	\$963.32	or redemptions of present holder
Shipping Fd.	\$261,236.57	will be accepted for these funds.

100



## S. Requests G-10 Postponement

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (REUTERS).—The 10 percent import surcharge is a productive money-raiser, bringing \$89 million into the Treasury in its first 45 days, it was learned today.

The surcharge might have brought in much more had the government not exempted about \$1.5 billion of imports either en route to the U.S. or tied up by a dock strike when President Nixon imposed the levy.

The administration estimated the surcharge would bring in about \$2.1 billion in revenue if maintained for an entire year. The surtax applies only to dutiable imports not covered by mandatory quotas.

Finance ministers at Versailles, several members reportedly questioned the wisdom of reconvening in Rome so long as France and West Germany remained split over what approach to take in negotiating with the United States.

The delay will apparently allow President Georges Pompidou and Chancellor Willy Brandt to hold their summit meeting before the ministers reconvene. A date for the Franco-German parley has not officially been announced yet, but it is expected to be held late this month or early next.

Treasury sources said that if the two heads of state could reach an understanding on monetary and economic issues in advance of the ministers' meeting, "that would be helpful."

The most fundamental difference between the two EEC members is the willingness of the Germans to allow the value of the deutsche mark to float—as it has been doing since May—and the French resistance to such a move.

Instead, France has been pressing the United States to officially devalue the dollar, a step Washington has refused to take. At issue is the 10 percent import surcharge and the "Buy American" aspect of the proposed business tax credit that the United States has included in its dollar-defensive policies.

Washington has said both measures, strongly opposed by its trading allies, would be repealed upon a satisfactory settlement of the outstanding issues.

Many in the U.S. are wary of rumors last month, that the U.S. might be avoiding the "multiplying" Euro-dollar market.

The official dollar reserves in the Euro-dollar market on Oct. 30 were \$15.5 billion, up from \$14.5 billion on Oct. 15. The BIS figures show the BIS net taking any chances.

currency deposits, which were placed mostly in Euro-dollar market, rose \$135 million in October, a small amount.

Investments in short-term securities, presumably U.S. Treasury bills, rose about \$375 million.

By end of October, BIS deposits stood at nearly \$15 billion and securities holdings higher than \$24 billion.

The BIS started to limit its lending at the end of July, to avoid creating a credit crunch.

The security holdings were \$20 billion.

## U.S. Surcharge A Money Maker

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP-DJ).—The 10 percent import surcharge is a productive money-raiser, bringing \$89 million into the Treasury in its first 45 days, it was learned today.

The surcharge might have brought in much more had the government not exempted about \$1.5 billion of imports either en route to the U.S. or tied up by a dock strike when President Nixon imposed the levy.

The administration estimated the surcharge would bring in about \$2.1 billion in revenue if maintained for an entire year. The surtax applies only to dutiable imports not covered by mandatory quotas.

Finance ministers at Versailles, several members reportedly questioned the wisdom of reconvening in Rome so long as France and West Germany remained split over what approach to take in negotiating with the United States.

The delay will apparently allow President Georges Pompidou and Chancellor Willy Brandt to hold their summit meeting before the ministers reconvene. A date for the Franco-German parley has not officially been announced yet, but it is expected to be held late this month or early next.

Treasury sources said that if the two heads of state could reach an understanding on monetary and economic issues in advance of the ministers' meeting, "that would be helpful."

The most fundamental difference between the two EEC members is the willingness of the Germans to allow the value of the deutsche mark to float—as it has been doing since May—and the French resistance to such a move.

Instead, France has been pressing the United States to officially devalue the dollar, a step Washington has refused to take. At issue is the 10 percent import surcharge and the "Buy American" aspect of the proposed business tax credit that the United States has included in its dollar-defensive policies.

Washington has said both measures, strongly opposed by its trading allies, would be repealed upon a satisfactory settlement of the outstanding issues.

Many in the U.S. are wary of rumors last month, that the U.S. might be avoiding the "multiplying" Euro-dollar market.

The official dollar reserves in the Euro-dollar market on Oct. 30 were \$15.5 billion, up from \$14.5 billion on Oct. 15. The BIS figures show the BIS net taking any chances.

currency deposits, which were placed mostly in Euro-dollar market, rose \$135 million in October, a small amount.

Investments in short-term securities, presumably U.S. Treasury bills, rose about \$375 million.

By end of October, BIS deposits stood at nearly \$15 billion and securities holdings higher than \$24 billion.

The BIS started to limit its lending at the end of July, to avoid creating a credit crunch.

The security holdings were \$20 billion.

standing issues but has not spelled out exactly what it wants.

The failure of the EEC to form a common policy against the U.S. measures is seen as having weakened Europe's power to force an agreement.

Mr. Connally, presently in Japan on the last leg of a tour through Asia, is due to return here this week. His office reported today that he will make a "major" speech next Tuesday to the Economic Club of New York. The talk will deal mainly with international economic matters, a spokesman said, and promises to be "interesting."

Mission to Latin America  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP-DJ).—The United States is not prepared to tell Latin American countries when its 10 percent import surcharge will be reduced or removed, a White House official said today.

Robert Finch, an aide to President Nixon, said he would head a delegation leaving tomorrow for a two-week visit to Peru, Ecuador, Argentina, Brazil, Honduras and Mexico, and would hold talks with officials of each of the countries on economic issues.

But he emphasized at a press conference that members of his delegation are not going to negotiate on the U.S. import surcharge.

Combined third-quarter profit rose 3 percent to \$750 million from \$728 million in the same quarter of 1970. Unilever Ltd. declared an interim dividend of 4.53 pence a share.

For the first nine months, combined profits were \$753 million, up from \$57.8 million. Combined sales for the period were \$2.23 billion, up 8 percent from \$2.12 billion a year ago.

Unilever said total dividends of both sides of the concern would be increased. The amount would be considered when full year results are known.

However, the company also said fourth-quarter profit is not expected to show the same level of improvement as for the first nine months.

Unilever noted that currencies had been converted at official parities in establishing the balance sheets.

Courtaulds  
LONDON, Nov. 10 (AP-DJ).—Courtaulds Ltd. net profit fell 8.9 percent in the first half ended Sept. 30, the textile concern said today.

Earnings were \$16.2 million, down from \$17.8 million in the first half of 1970. Courtaulds declared an unchanged interim dividend of 2.083 pence a share.

Despite the profit decline, Courtaulds' shares rose 3 pence to 114-117 pence a share on the stock exchange here.

Sales in the six months increased 3.6 percent to \$233.4 million from \$212.2 million in the 1970 first half.

Commenting on the figures, Courtaulds said the government's measures aimed at stimulating the economy have had no effect on its operations.

Nippon Kokan  
TOKYO, Nov. 10 (AP-DJ).—Nippon Kokan's net profit fell 34.4 percent in the half-year ended Sept. 30 compared with the like quarter of last year, the iron, steel and shipbuilding concern announced today.

Profit was \$2.26 billion yen (about \$12.96 million), down from \$3.47 billion yen in the first half of 1970.

Sales, however, increased 7.9 percent to \$16.28 billion yen from \$15.12 billion yen last year.

Nippon Kokan declared an unchanged semi-annual dividend of 2.5 yen.

## Unilever Profit Rises 33% in Third Quarter

LONDON, Nov. 10 (AP-DJ).—The Anglo-Dutch Unilever trading group said today net profit rose 33 percent in the third quarter and 30 percent in the nine months.

Unilever Ltd., the British side of the concern, saw its shares immediately rise 10 pence to 318-317 on the London Stock Exchange.

Combined third-quarter profit accruing to ordinary capital was \$26.6 million up from \$20 million a year earlier.

Combined third-quarter sales rose 3 percent to \$750 million from \$728 million in the same quarter of 1970. Unilever Ltd. declared an interim dividend of 4.53 pence a share.

For the first nine months, combined profits were \$753 million, up from \$57.8 million. Combined sales for the period were \$2.23 billion, up 8 percent from \$2.12 billion a year ago.

Unilever said total dividends of both sides of the concern would be increased. The amount would be considered when full year results are known.

However, the company also said fourth-quarter profit is not expected to show the same level of improvement as for the first nine months.

Unilever noted that currencies had been converted at official parities in establishing the balance sheets.

Courtaulds  
LONDON, Nov. 10 (AP-DJ).—Courtaulds Ltd. net profit fell 8.9 percent in the first half ended Sept. 30, the textile concern said today.

Earnings were \$16.2 million, down from \$17.8 million in the first half of 1970. Courtaulds declared an unchanged interim dividend of 2.083 pence a share.

Despite the profit decline, Courtaulds' shares rose 3 pence to 114-117 pence a share on the stock exchange here.

Sales in the six months increased 3.6 percent to \$233.4 million from \$212.2 million in the 1970 first half.

Commenting on the figures, Courtaulds said the government's measures aimed at stimulating the economy have had no effect on its operations.

Nippon Kokan  
TOKYO, Nov. 10 (AP-DJ).—Nippon Kokan's net profit fell 34.4 percent in the half-year ended Sept. 30 compared with the like quarter of last year, the iron, steel and shipbuilding concern announced today.

Profit was \$2.26 billion yen (about \$12.96 million), down from \$3.47 billion yen in the first half of 1970.

Sales, however, increased 7.9 percent to \$16.28 billion yen from \$15.12 billion yen last year.

Nippon Kokan declared an unchanged semi-annual dividend of 2.5 yen.

## Firms' Budget Planning Hit By Uncertainty Over Phase 2

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP-DJ).—Thousands of corporations are unable to plan next year's budgets because they are uncertain of regulations for Phase 2 of the Nixon economic program.

For many corporate planners, the deadline for submitting the budget to their company's directors is only days away, but as yet they can only guess what rules will be laid down by the government's Phase 2 regulators for 1972.

Although the Pay Board has announced a 5.5 percent-a-year limit on new wage and benefit increases, it is still unclear who determines how to value the benefits, what exceptions will be allowed and, most important, whether the wage increases can be passed on to the consumer in higher prices.

Time Urgency Severe  
The time urgency is severe because most companies are on a calendar-year basis and start their budget work in late summer, with the final version ready for directors' approval in mid-November or early December.

One man who is feeling plenty of pressure is Roger Heller, vice-president and controller of Chrysler Corp., which has annual sales of more than \$7 billion. "We aren't approving any budgets right now," he says. Although Chrysler's deadline for submission of budgets from its various departments is Nov. 15, Mr. Heller sees no way that all of the firm's uncertainty about what is to happen with costs and prices can be cleared up by that date.

Spending Plans Delayed  
Before all the auto companies can decide on their pricing plans and submit proposals to the Pay Board, "a lot of things have to happen. The Pay Board has to rule on coming wage increases in existing auto contracts, which range from 6 to 12 percent and are supposed to occur in late November or early December. Then, the Price Commission has to issue guidelines or some other form of hint."

Mr. Heller also said a system was being established to make sure that price increases do not outrun pay increases.

"Procedures are being adopted by the Pay Board and Price Commission to insure that, when appropriate, a firm's price adjustment will receive the same degree of scrutiny as its pay adjustments," he said.

Guidelines Announcement  
He said the Price Commission would disclose its guidelines and standards tomorrow and that the entire Phase-2 organization would be in place by the beginning of next week.

Among the items exempted were raw agricultural products; art objects, antiques and handicraft objects; state and local taxes and fines, exports and international shipping rates, the products, financial securities and dues to nonprofit organizations.

Mr. Heller also said a system was being established to make sure that price increases do not outrun pay increases.

"Procedures are being adopted by the Pay Board and Price Commission to insure that, when appropriate, a firm's price adjustment will receive the same degree of scrutiny as its pay adjustments," he said.

Guidelines Announcement  
He said the Price Commission would disclose its guidelines and standards tomorrow and that the entire Phase-2 organization would be in place by the beginning of next week.

Among the items exempted were raw agricultural products; art objects, antiques and handicraft objects; state and local taxes and fines, exports and international shipping rates, the products, financial securities and dues to nonprofit organizations.

Mr. Heller also said a system was being established to make sure that price increases do not outrun pay increases.

"Procedures are being adopted by the Pay Board and Price Commission to insure that, when appropriate, a firm's price adjustment will receive the same degree of scrutiny as its pay adjustments," he said.

## U.S. to Control Price Rises

(Continued from Page 1)  
trois, but those would be announced later.

He emphasized at a news conference that the wage freeze imposed by Mr. Nixon on Aug. 15 will be replaced by the Phase-2 controls Saturday and that there will be "no gap, no hiatus."

Guidelines Announcement  
He said the Price Commission would disclose its guidelines and standards tomorrow and that the entire Phase-2 organization would be in place by the beginning of next week.

Among the items exempted were raw agricultural products; art objects, antiques and handicraft objects; state and local taxes and fines, exports and international shipping rates, the products, financial securities and dues to nonprofit organizations.

Mr. Heller also said a system was being established to make sure that price increases do not outrun pay increases.

"Procedures are being adopted by the Pay Board and Price Commission to insure that, when appropriate, a firm's price adjustment will receive the same degree of scrutiny as its pay adjustments," he said.

Guidelines Announcement  
He said the Price Commission would disclose its guidelines and standards tomorrow and that the entire Phase-2 organization would be in place by the beginning of next week.

Among the items exempted were raw agricultural products; art objects, antiques and handicraft objects; state and local taxes and fines, exports and international shipping rates, the products, financial securities and dues to nonprofit organizations.

Mr. Heller also said a system was being established to make sure that price increases do not outrun pay increases.

"Procedures are being adopted by the Pay Board and Price Commission to insure that, when appropriate, a firm's price adjustment will receive the same degree of scrutiny as its pay adjustments," he said.

Guidelines Announcement  
He said the Price Commission would disclose its guidelines and standards tomorrow and that the entire Phase-2 organization would be in place by the beginning of next week.

Among the items exempted were raw agricultural products; art objects, antiques and handicraft objects; state and local taxes and fines, exports and international shipping rates, the products, financial securities and dues to nonprofit organizations.

Mr. Heller also said a system was being established to make sure that price increases do not outrun pay increases.

"Procedures are being adopted by the Pay Board and Price Commission to insure that, when appropriate, a firm's price adjustment will receive the same degree of scrutiny as its pay adjustments," he said.

Guidelines Announcement  
He said the Price Commission would disclose its guidelines and standards tomorrow and that the entire Phase-2 organization would be in place by the beginning of next week.

Among the items exempted were raw agricultural products; art objects, antiques and handicraft objects; state and local taxes and fines, exports and international shipping rates, the products, financial securities and dues to nonprofit organizations.

## Lambert Buys NYSE Prices Plunge Into Broker On Big Board

\$3.2 Million Stake Is Equal to 20% Share

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (NYT).—William D. Witter Inc., an institutional brokerage concern, announced yesterday that Cie Lambert, the Belgian financial holding company, had made an investment of \$3.155 million in the firm.

Cie Lambert, based in Brussels, has total assets exceeding \$900 million, including Banque Lambert. Investments by foreign institutions in U.S. brokerage firms are unusual.

"This investment is part of a long-range private financial plan, including subordinated term loans and funds from other sources," William D. Witter, president of the Witter firm, said in a statement.

"The additional funds," he added, "are to be used to accommodate our growing business and assist our institutional clients in the execution of their business."

The investment is structured in the form of convertible preferred stock which, when converted, would give Lambert a 20 percent equity interest in Witter.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

The investment is being made through Lambert Brussels Corp., U.S. subsidiary. Plans for the financing had been disclosed earlier, but details were not available.

The investment is structured with a limitation on commissions between the two concerns and does not constitute institutional access to the New York Stock Exchange or the receipt of brokerage commissions, according to the announcement.

## NYSE Prices Plunge Near to Low for Year

By Vartanig G. Vartan

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (NYT).—Selling pressure drove a wedge into the stock market today and sent prices scudding to within a whisker of their 1971 lows on the New York Stock Exchange.

The Dow Jones industrial average began to slip a bit in late morning dealings, with the real slide developing throughout the afternoon. The blue-chip indicator plummeted 11.76 to finish at 828.15, its poorest level of a nervous day.

This put it less than a single point away from the year's closing low of 825.86 on Nov. 1, a "blue Monday" when the Dow gave up 13.14.

Guidelines announced late in the afternoon by the Cost of Living Council failed to spark a rebound.

Volume picked up slightly to 134.1 million shares from the previous session's 12.08 million. It was significant, however, that a number of stocks cracked by point-plus losses on large blocks. This denoted the market's selling pressure as applied by the big institutional holders such as mutual funds.

On the other hand, as one Wall Street broker phrased it, "There seemed to be a buyer's strike." This referred to a lack of aggressive bidding. In an auction market, it meant that prices tumbled sharply.

The active list dramatically illustrated today's falling market. All of the 15 most heavily-traded issues ended in the loss column.

Amerasia Hess Falls  
Amerasia Hess, the volume leader, fell 3 1/3 to 38 3/4. Shortly before the close, a block of 278,000 shares changed hands at 36 1/2—the lowest price of the year.

Electronic Data Systems, also making a low, plunged 7 3/8 to 34 3/8.

One factor in the weakness in Electronic Data Systems, the Dallas concern headed by H. Ross Perot, may have been the House subcommittee hearings in Washington this week dealing with the company's Medicare operations. The stock sold at a high of 162 in early 1969.

Analysts said that tax-loss selling continued to depress the market, but they noted that the essential weakness derived from uncertainty over Phase 2, which makes its debut on Sunday.

American Stock Exchange prices dropped with 656 issues declining, 193 advancing and the exchange index closing down.

Analysts said that tax-loss selling continued to depress the market, but they noted that the essential weakness derived from uncertainty over Phase 2, which makes its debut on Sunday.

American Stock Exchange prices dropped with 656 issues declining, 193 advancing and the exchange index closing down.

Analysts said that tax-loss selling continued to depress the market, but they noted that the essential weakness derived from uncertainty over Phase 2, which makes its debut on Sunday.

American Stock Exchange prices dropped with 656 issues declining, 193 advancing and the exchange index closing down.

Analysts said that tax-loss selling continued to depress the market, but they noted that the essential weakness derived from uncertainty over Phase 2, which makes its debut on Sunday.

American Stock Exchange prices dropped with 656 issues declining, 193 advancing and the exchange index closing down.

Analysts said that tax-loss selling continued to depress the market, but they noted that the essential weakness derived from uncertainty over Phase 2, which makes its debut on Sunday.

American Stock Exchange prices dropped with 656 issues declining, 193 advancing and the exchange index closing down.

Analysts said that tax-loss selling continued to depress the market, but they noted that the essential weakness derived from uncertainty over Phase 2, which makes its debut on Sunday.

American Stock Exchange prices dropped with 656 issues declining, 193 advancing and the exchange index closing down.

Analysts said that tax-loss selling continued to depress the market, but they noted that the essential weakness derived from uncertainty over Phase 2, which makes its debut on Sunday.

American Stock Exchange prices dropped with 656 issues declining, 193 advancing and the exchange index closing down.

Analysts said that tax-loss selling continued to depress the market, but they noted that the essential weakness derived from uncertainty over Phase 2, which makes its debut on Sunday.

American Stock Exchange prices dropped with 656 issues declining, 193 advancing and the exchange index closing down.

Analysts said that tax-loss selling continued to depress the market, but they noted that the essential weakness derived from uncertainty over Phase 2, which makes its debut on Sunday.

American Stock Exchange prices dropped with 656 issues declining, 193 advancing and the exchange index closing down.

## Learjet



**Yours for Charter... From European Cities**

Just as in the U.S., the world's leading business jet is available for charter and air taxi in Europe.

Work or relax in comfort while cruising at more than 500 miles-per-hour above 40,000 feet—over weather, turbulence and other aircraft.

To arrange for your personal Learjet, contact:

DENMARK/Copenhagen Business Jet Flight Center Tel: (01) 53-20-50 Telex: 15200 BIZJET DK

FRANCE/Paris Air Affairs Tel: 284-42-70 Telex: 21952 FRET BRJET

GERMANY/Nuremberg Aero-Dienst G.m.b.H. Tel: (0911) 33-04-10 Telex: 6-22531 AERO D

GERMANY/Hannover Air Pegasus Hannover Tel: (0511) 7305-342 Telex: 924682 AIRPEG D

GERMANY/Siegenland Flughafen G.L.S. G.m.b.H. Tel: (02738) 737 Telex: 0875727 GLSD D

GREECE/Athens Olympic Airways Tel: 9813565/9811211 X452 Telex: 215824 OAAPEG

SWITZERLAND/Basel Executive Jet Aviation Tel: (061) 44-20-50 Telex: 63131 EJET

# King's Ransom

12 years old  
A distinctly superior SCOTCH

## PEOPLE IN BUSINESS

**Roberto Olivetti**, previously co-managing director, has been named vice-president of Olivetti SpA.

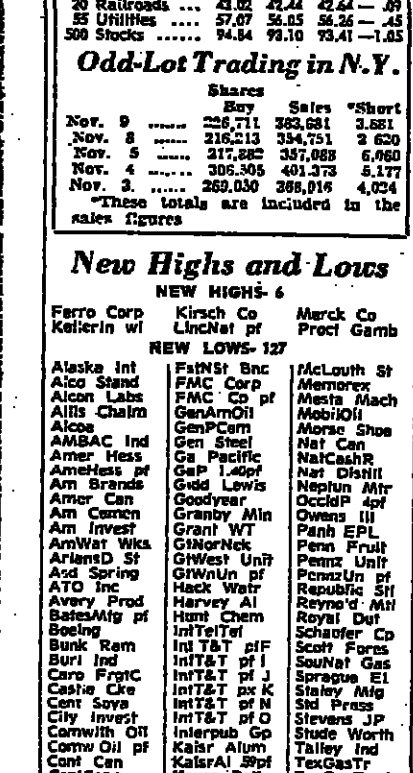
**At Cockerill-Ougree-Providences et**



— 1971 — Stocks and		Sta.	100s. First. High Low				
High.	Low.	Div.	In \$				
38 1/4	30 1/4	Tex G	pfi. 50	19	30 1/4	30 1/4	30 1/4
30 1/4	25 1/4	Tex G	pfi. 40	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2

[illegible]

100



**Glenmore Dist. Co., Louisville-Owensboro, Ky.**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

103121

محمد اسد اعظمی

\_\_\_\_\_

*Journal of Management Inquiry* 16(4)



## American Stock Exchange Trading

[illegible]

- 1971 - Stocks and S.S. Net										- 1971 - Stocks and S.S. Net										- 1971 - Stocks and S.S. Net											
High, Low, Div.	100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge				High, Low, Div.	100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge					High, Low, Div.	100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge				
45 1/2 55 1/4 ANG 2600 wt 250 30 58 58										33 1/2 42 1/2 Aust Cr 5 2002 2004 2294 1/4										7 3/4 24 1/2 Ucor Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2											
14 1/2 20 1/2 Nuc Amer 15 15 15 14 1/2 1/4										85 1/4 85 1/4 Ryan Homes 34 70 78 78 1/4 1/4											13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
14 1/2 20 1/2 Nuc Amer 15 15 15 14 1/2 1/4										100 1/2 100 1/2 Ryer 30 100 100 100 1/2 1/2										13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2											
4 1/2 10 1/2 Nuclear Am 9 9 9 9 9 9										4 1/2 11 1/2 Ryer 30 100 100 100 1/2 1/2										13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2											
4 1/2 10 1/2 Nuclear Am 9 9 9 9 9 9																					7 3/4 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
5 1/2 2 Nytronics 150 2 2 2 2 2 2																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										
																					13 1/2 24 1/2 Unifac Corp 1 2 2 2 2 2										

## International Bonds Traded in Europe

[illegible]

### European Gold Marke

	Nov. 10, 1971	Op.	Cl.
London		43.82	43.81 +
Zürich		43.19	42.97 +
Paris (12.5 klilo)		43.03	43.18 +
U.S. dollars per		ounce.	

## Tokyo Exchange

	Nov. 10, 1971	Yen	Y.
C. Inch		Free	
Aesaki Glass	354	Matsui 21 Wks	
Asahi Camera	385	Mitsui Heavy Ind.	
Dai Nip. Print.	380	Mitsui Corp.	
Fuji Bank	330	Mitsui & Co.	
Fuji Photo	378	Mitsubishi	
Hitchi	361	Nippon Elec.	
Honda Motor	311	Sharp	
K. Ich		Shimadzu	
Japan Air Lines	1,838	Sony Corp. 2.	
Kanami E. I. Co.	708	Sumitomo	
Kao Soap	358	Tokyo Marine	
Kirin Brewery	200	Tokai Chem.	
Komatsu	192	Toshiba	
Kubota I. Wks.	178	Toshiba Marine	
Matsui E. Ind.	416	Toshiba Motor	

## REISS & CO. BANKERS

Zürich

TELE: 051 25.57.22. Bahnhofstrasse 22.  
 Securities-Euro deposits - Money Exchange

## INVESTMENT

Large international financial  
 mutual fund investment sales  
 sales groups in the French  
 of Europe.

## Foreign Stock Indexes

	Today	Prev.	High	Low
Amsterdam .....	85.51	84.8	138.0	84.8
Buenos Aires .....	111.50	80.58	145.74	80.58
Frankfurt .....	116.58	116.97	145.14	113.55
London 300 .....	410.8	408.4	430.8	393.3
London 500 .....	177.9	176.84	190.76	172.48
Milan .....	45.43	45.58	80.00	45.30
Paris .....	83.0	81.3	104.7	79.4
Sydney .....	421.85	422.19	518.51	421.40
Tokyo (21) .....	173.69	173.07	309.00	173.05
Tokyo (0) .....	326.30	325.12	374.50	319.74
Zurich .....	328.13	316.1	357.1	307.3

(a) new. (b) old.

---

## Eurodollars

	Nov. 10, 1971			
	Bid.	Asked	Changed	Std.
7 Day Fix ...	5	5 1/4		Unch.
One Month ...	4 7/8	5		- 3/16
Three Months ...	5 7/8	6		- 1/16
One Year .....	6 1/2	6 7/16		- 1/16

For Banks and Financial Institutions

NET TRADING MARKETS

in all Swiss and American  
O-T-C Stocks

BANK WIDEMANN & CO. LTD.

8023 ZÜRICH SWITZERLAND

Tel: (01) 27 06 90

Telex: 554332

*Ask for our recent brief on*  
**MONY Mortgage Investors**

**OPPENHEIMER, NEWBORG & NEU**

*Members of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc.  
and American Stock Exchange (Assoc.)*  
120 Broadway New York, N.Y. 10005  
Cable: Titulos

*Zurich:*  
Oppenheimer, Newborg & Neu, A.G.  
10 Weldenstrasse  
Tel.: 051/320555/56 - Telex: 52798/99

*Amsterdam:*  
Rep John Meijer  
494 Keizersgracht  
Tel.: 65358 - Telex: 12466

...investments in "organizations" which brought its clients successfully through the 1970 market slump with a 15 to 20% profit.

**OUR**

Portfolio field representatives are backed by a proven record of performance and enjoy excellent incomes.

**ORGANIZATION**

With quality management offering investors a good name and reputation.

**NOW**

Expanding its portfolio management services throughout the world to meet the demand for professional investment counselling. The Company provides **QUALIFIED PROSPECTS FROM AMONGST ITS OWN CLIENTELE** for salesmen to call upon.

Call collect: Mr. Williams, London 637 3707.



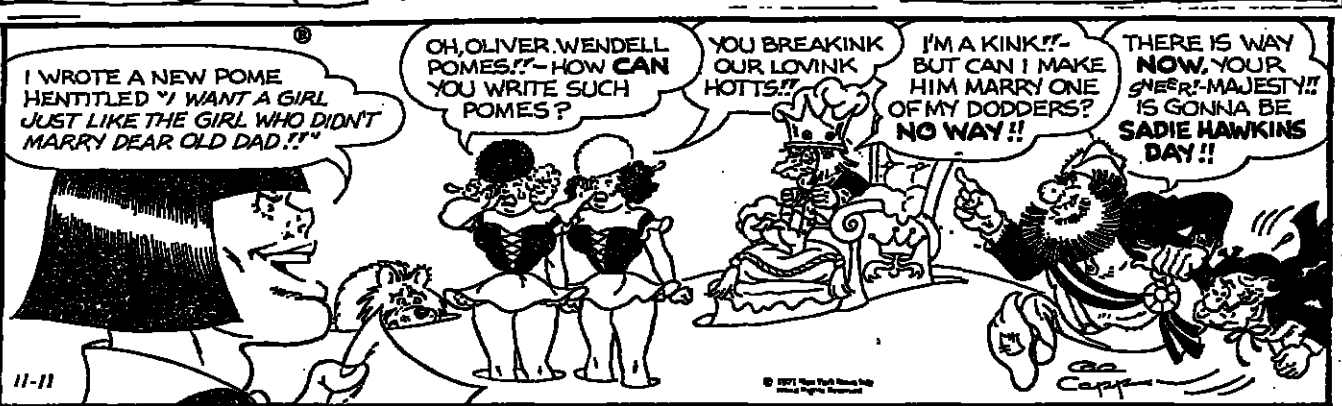
PEANUTS



B.C.



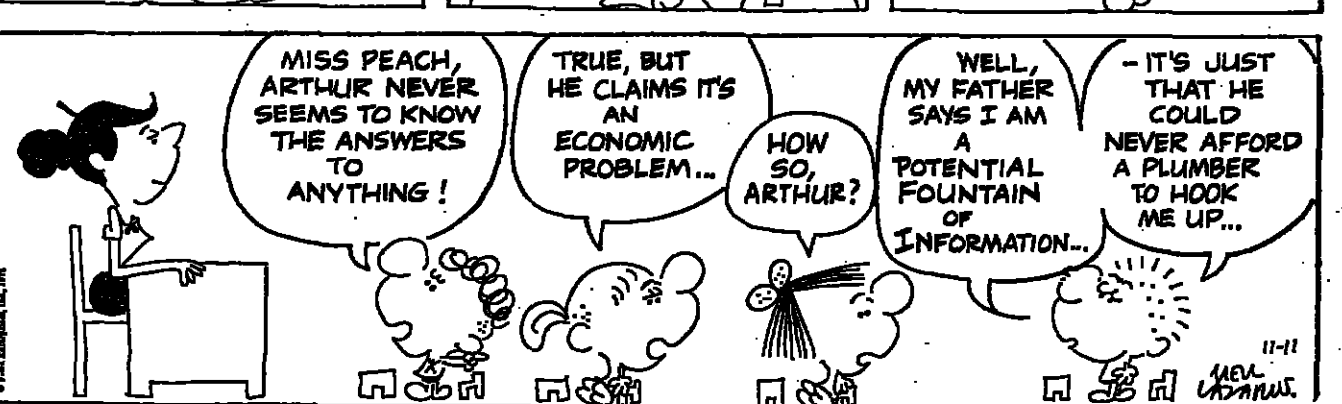
LIL ABNER



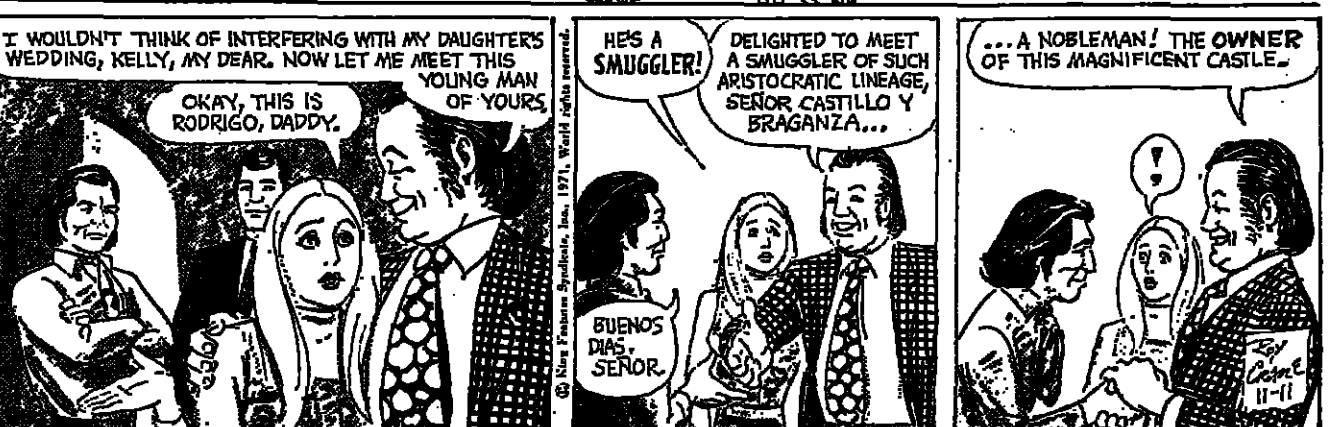
BEETLE BAILEY



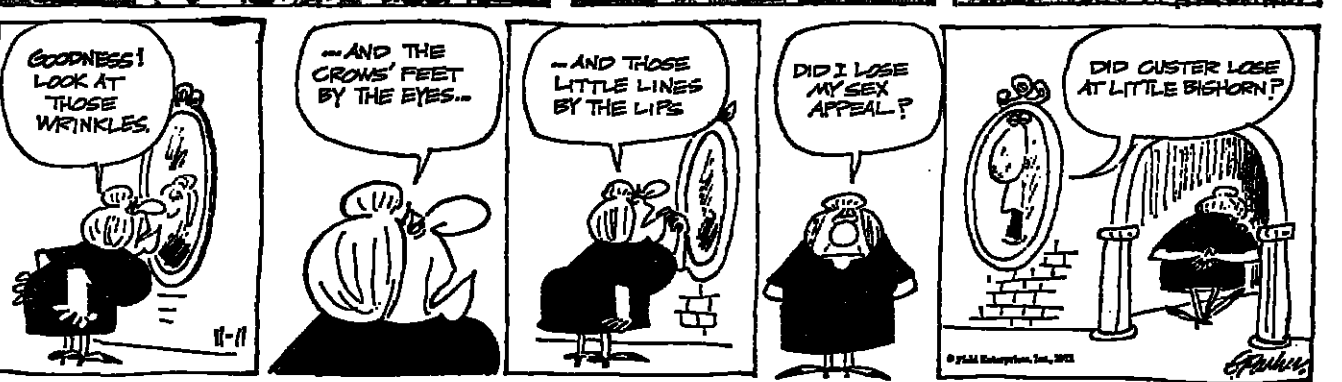
MISS PEACH



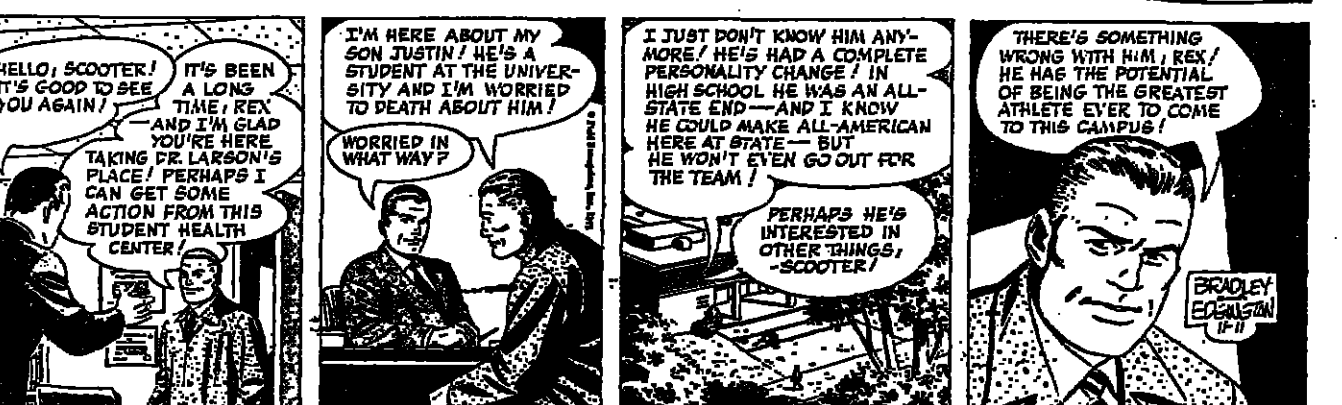
BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD OF ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

A grand slam is a sound contract on the diagramed deal, but many partnerships would have trouble reaching the six-level.

South opened with two diamonds, a Precision bid showing a three-suited hand with at most one diamond. This convention—a controversial one in official circles—is necessary because one club would show a strong hand and a major-suit bid would promise five cards.

The response and rebid were also conventional. Two no-trump asked South to define his hand more exactly, and three spades announced 4-4-1 distribution and 14 or 15 points. North could now judge that the hands fitted perfectly with no wasted strength in diamonds. He used Blackwood to discover that his partner held two aces and two kings, and decided that seven spades would be a good bet.

At first sight it seems that the declarer needs three-two divisions in both black suits to make the slam. But the sequel showed that the declarer had some chances against bad breaks. The opening lead of the spade jack was won in the closed hand with the king, and the diamond ace was cashed.

South's plan was to ruff two diamonds in his own hand. The alternate scheme of ruffing hearts twice in dummy would have been slightly inferior and would have led to defeat as the cards lay. The heart ace and the spade ace were used as entries to ruff the diamonds, and dummy was finally entered with a club lead to continue trumps.

The spade nine collected East's seven, and South threw the club four. West had to keep clubs, and parted with the heart jack in the hope that his partner held

the ten. But South promptly led to the heart king, dropped the queen and claimed the grand slam.

In the replay, North and South exactly duplicated the bidding and play—a most unusual circumstance in a grand-slam contract.

NORTH		WEST		EAST	
♠ A Q 9 8	♠ 7 5 3 2	♠ J	♠ Q 8 6 5	♠ 4 3 2	♠ K J 9 8 7 6
♥ A 7	♥ 5 4 2	♥ Q J 8 6	♥ Q 10 7 3	♥ K J 9 8 7 6	♥ 5 4 3 2
♦ A 5 4 2	♦ K Q 6 5	♦ J 8 7 6	♦ Q 10 7 3	♦ K J 9 8 7 6	♦ 5 4 3 2
♣ A 5 4 3	♣ K Q 6 5	♣ J 8 7 6	♣ Q 10 7 3	♣ K J 9 8 7 6	♣ 5 4 3 2

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding:

South West North East

2 ♦ Pass 2 N.T. Pass

3 ♠ Pass 4 N.T. Pass

5 ♣ Pass 5 N.T. Pass

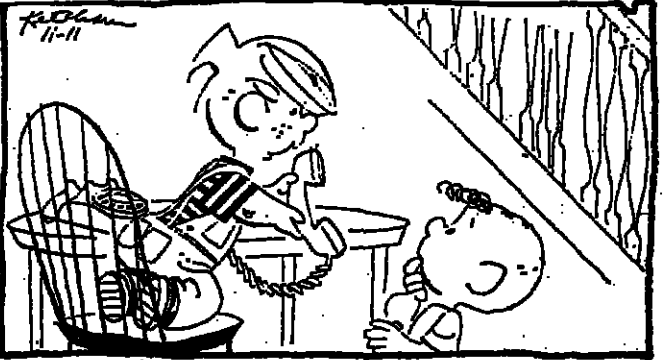
6 ♣ Pass 7 ♣ Pass

West led the spade jack.

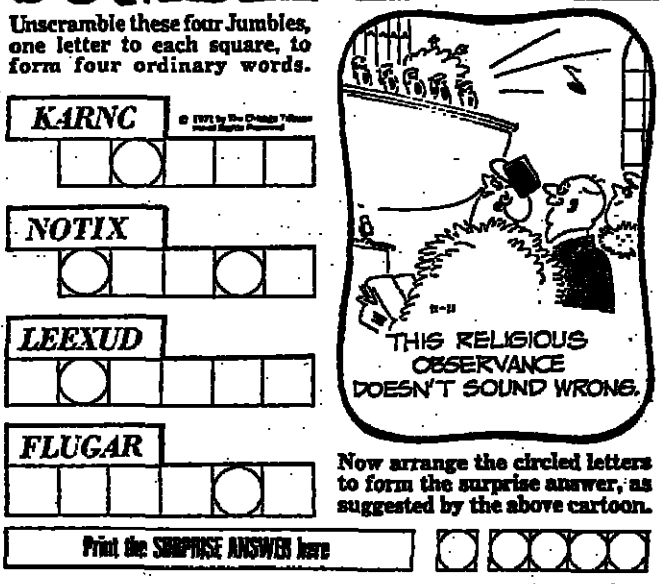
Solution to Previous Puzzle

COIT	SLAR	FLAR	FLAR
EVER	SLIG	FLAR	FLAR
NEAR	CAROB	INIT	INIT
TRAMATA	WHEEZE	WHEEZE	WHEEZE
VOYE	CHIAN	CHIAN	CHIAN
ACQUIS	CHILDREN	CHILDREN	CHILDREN
SLURS	GOAT	ERE	ERE
SUITE	CORSE	FLON	FLON
AVE	ROTE	RAISE	RAISE
MEXICANS	CUTTER	CUTTER	CUTTER
TICS	CANA	CANA	CANA
ATTACK	CARELESS	CARELESS	CARELESS
COWL	ENACT	ISTO	ISTO
WITTI	HUMIS	TSAR	TSAR
EYNA	SLICE	YORE	YORE

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE—That scrambled word game



Yesterday's Jumbles: GUIDE CRESS RANGLE FLURRY

Answer: Wind up staggering—REELING

## BOOKS

## THE FAMILY

## The Story of Charles Manson's Dune Buggy Attack Battalion

By Ed Sanders. E.P. Dutton &amp; Co. 412 pp. \$8.95

Reviewed by Robert Christgau

(Part II of a two-part review.)

IN the age of the new togetherness, it isn't just the good guys who get together. In "The Family," Ed Sanders states this problem once and never makes the point again: "The flower movement was like a valley of thousands of plump white rabbits surrounded by wounded coyotes. Sure, the 'leaders' were tough, some of them geniuses and great poets. But the acid-dropping middle-class children from Des Moines were rabbits."

Sanders doesn't dwell on this idea because his narrative is at most compulsively free of what in a more literal context he refers to as "horse dooks." He refuses to philosophize, psychoanalyze or make excuses. "The Family" is nothing more than a chronological arrangement of all those facts, apparently written direct from the files, rapidly. True, the diction is characteristic Sanders Americana—in all his work he has a way of coming up with hyphenated coinages like "bunch-punching," "murder-fated" and "hell-creep," and he is fond of words like "tycoon" and "sleuth"—and he will occasionally add a jarring note of boyish sarcasm to some especially grimly discursive by ending the paragraph with a brief "for out" or "oo-se-oo." But the book is determinedly nonwritten. There is no theorizing, and no new journalism either—no reconstructed dialogue, no arduous pace.

This data-mania is itself an anti-middlebrow avant-garde ploy. Sanders is quite capable of normal prose and fictional technique, and had he deemed the effort worthy he probably could have made "The Family" into something like "In Cold Blood" or even "The Boston Strangler," but he represents a sensibility that has pretty much rejected such devices and his book is truer and more exciting for it. His terse notebook style, avoiding comment and ignoring conventional standards of rhetoric, functions as a deliberate artistic choice. Although he may mention in passing that arrests for possessing a handgun are made or "for felonious breast-feeding" can be "exclusionary to spark dangerous resentment," he clearly feels that the facts about Manson and his followers speak for themselves, and that they are horrible beyond explanation.

The intensity of this feeling, which reflects Sanders' commitment to nonviolence, is the greatest virtue of an excellent book. The Manson case engendered much confusion in the rank of hip. A distressed nority—represented at its extreme by Weatherwoman nardine Dohrn (who ate murders as revolutionary before going underground more reasonably, by those suspect a frame-up—wearing to believe that a long ministerial could also be a and male supremacist, why dope and orgasm and every variety of love to perpetuate own murderous sadism, coverage of the trial for t Angeles Free Press, said his best to protect Manson's assumption of innocence, a was severely critical of hippie hysteria among a journalists, but his own convinced him who guilty and ought to coming body.

Guilt is definitely the Sanders believes that, for ever reason, the plump rabbits in Manson's ent have become "crazed" with willingness to "murder" and be separated from society, portrayal of Sharon Tate's sociates, on the other hand, tinged with the deep out a genuine psychic voyer ruling-class dabblers, is, b ate. He doesn't conceal the nections with his time dog with the occult, but he does hold damaging but first information in respect f memory of the innocent s.

The murderers are guilt their victims were inn after years of rationalized hip irony, such a formula a refreshing moral dire. Let others fulminate by optation by rich stral Sanders knows that for the part the co-outers are ontemptible, and he will reoppose the death-creeps w this society some other to now, he is horrified by the ist coyotes who battle the of Yippee for the soul of affected young—the and the cults that traffic in and it would appear? 2 suffice. In order to aggr Sanders has done nothing than risk his own life, for how serious he believe enemy within to be, and knows enough to gaisny. It is only fitting that such should produce such a ter book.

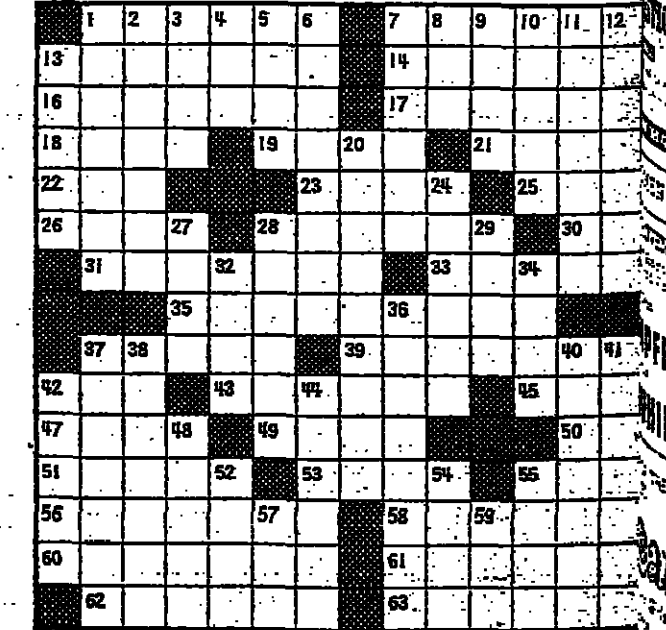
Robert Christgau writes Rock & Roll & column for Village Voice and teaches Integrated Studies from Richmond College, CUNY.

© The New York Times

## CROSSWORD

By Will

ACROSS											
1	Jinxes		43	Socials		11	Stenog's				
7	Coal troughs		47	Flood deposit			occasional n				
13	Relative of a whitewash		49	Prong		12	Homestead n				
	Bowed to, in square dancing		50	Drink		13	Barrooms				
16	Plastic material		51	Concepts		15	Newspaper-office section				
17	Stir		53	Dairy purchase		20	Persistent				
18	Opera wear		55	Suffix in acid names		24	Finches				
19	Of the same material		56	Buoyant		27	Chide				
21	Trials		58	Throwback		28	Give an intimation				
22	Antiquity		60	Reestablish		29	Think-tank n. Calif.				
23	Shaping tools		61	Kings and princes		32	Over				
25	Behave moodily		62	Dripped		34	Verse measur				
26	Lizard: Suffix		63	Puts on a pedestal		36	Traitor				
28	Thwart		<u>DOWN</u>			37	Shows resentment				
30	In medias —		1	Waggish		38	Free				
31	Gaining		2	Late		40	Flaubert or				
33	Olympic star Johnson		3	Butterfly catchers		41	Cruel ones				
35	Florida export		4	Parsaphian		42	Dogwood				
37	French port		5	Hovels		44	Joined				
39	Makes		6	Kind of ticket		46	Factions.				
42	Magnetite		7	Annoyed		48	Discernment				
43	Some basketball scores		8	Greedy one		52	F-number				
			9	Kind of rule		54	Charon's rivi				
			10	Carries		55	Face shape				
						57	Angel				
						59	Santa —				









## Art Buchwald

## Way the World Goes

WASHINGTON.—The best quote to come out of the Amchika H-bomb test can be attributed to Maj. Gen. Edward B. Giller who has the title of "assistant general manager for military application" at the Atomic Energy Commission. After the test Gen. Giller told reporters, "I don't foresee another test, but I won't say we'll never come back. It depends on how the world goes."



Buchwald

Well, everyone knows how the world is going to go.

The Russian military chiefs are going to say to the Kremlin, "See here, comrade rulers, the Americans have just exploded a five-megaton bomb 6,000 feet below the surface of the earth. It is important that we explode a six-megaton bomb 7,000 feet below the surface of the earth or they will think they are ahead of us in nuclear warfare."

"Is it safe to explode a six-megaton bomb below the earth?" the Kremlin asks.

"Who knows? But national security is involved, and safe is

not what we should worry about. It is the Spartan missile we must worry about."

"Spartan missile, comrade generals?"

"It is the missile used in the ABM system to shoot down our missile. Americans say the explosion was a success. It is proof that we cannot get through their defense. It gives the United States such confidence they might attack us without warning. The Soviets must explode a six-megaton H-bomb to show Washington it is not ahead in the missile race."

"Comrade generals, the Kremlin asks, 'suppose this explosion causes earthquakes all over Siberia?'"

"Impossible, comrade rulers. The Soviet Supreme Court has just voted four to three that a six-megaton H-bomb can't cause earthquakes."

"All right, comrade generals. Go ahead with the explosion. National security is more important than lousy earthquakes."

Six months later, back at the White House:

"Mr. President, the Soviets have just exploded a six-megaton H-bomb 7,000 feet below the surface of the earth."

"What does that mean, general?"

"We're not sure, sir. But it could mean that their Shashlik missile can penetrate our Spartan missile, which as you know is our first line of defense, whenever we get it built."

"I was afraid you'd say that, general. I would hate to be the first President to go down in history as allowing a Shashlik missile to get through our Spartan missile defense system."

"Precisely, sir. This test has given the Soviets added confidence and, unless we prove to them that we have something to stop the Shashlik, we might have to blink in our next eyeball-to-eyeball confrontation."

"What do you suggest, general?"

"That we lay it on the Soviets once and for all. We must set off a 15-megaton H-bomb 30,000 feet below the surface of the earth."

"Are there any environmental hazards?"

"None comparable to the risk to our national security. We might lose part of Alaska in the explosion and there could be some cracks in the western half of Canada, but that's the way the world goes."

"I'm for the test, of course, general, but I have to think of the political repercussions. Suppose the environmentalists sue and take the case to the Supreme Court?"

"But Mr. President, have you forgotten? It's your Supreme Court."

## Mary Blume

*'I like to see people suffer in films. They suffer in life. . . I am very much interested in life surrounding me. I adore arguments . . . about economics, history, youth.'*

## No Package Deals for Janni

LONDON (Herald).—There is always a certain mystery about what—or whom—film producers do. Are they creative geniuses? Rarely. String pullers, manipulators, money men? Often. Ex-agents and fired employees who have been given a studio-owned property as part of their severance pay? More and more often. Fewer films may be made each year, but there are many more producers.

"All they do is make packages. As soon as one package is made, the producer is off making another," says Joseph Janni, the London-based Italian film producer. "The American film crisis was called for because things reached the stage where film-makers weren't being backed any more, packages weren't being made."

Janni does not make package deals, he does back film-makers, he is involved in every detail of production and is on the set each day. "There is a certain chemistry to film-making," he says.

His record is breathtaking. He has produced most of John Schlesinger's films from "Billy Liar," to "Sunday, Bloody Sunday." He discovered Julie Christie whom he describes as "the most important face of post-war films," and he produced an astonishing number of the most interesting British films of the 1960s.

He has participated in only one package deal, "Far From the Madding Crowd," which was also his most expensive film. "After we had won the Oscar for 'Darling,' the Americans wanted a package with John Schlesinger, Julie, Christopher Reeve, and me. You couldn't even talk, it was a package deal or nothing."

## Doubts

"We thought of 'Far from the Madding Crowd,' though we had doubts about the subject. We also thought of Vanessa for the lead but nobody bought her so we had Julie, though Julie's a much more romantic girl really."

"Far from the Madding Crowd" was a flop, but during filming John Schlesinger told Janni he'd like to do a film about a triangle of two men and a woman. The seed for "Sunday, Bloody Sunday" was planted. Not wishing to take credit away from Penelope Gilliat's superb script, Janni does point out nonetheless that "Sunday, Bloody Sunday" was in many ways a cooperative effort, with Schlesinger working on the second draft while filming "Midnight Cowboy" in New York.

Much effort was devoted to getting "Sunday's" background mood of a weary, self-doubting England absolutely right. "We spent time with politicians. Nothing was

casual—the words Peter Finch hears on the radio, the words written on the walls," Janni says.

The lines spoken by Glenda Jackson's financier father were based on advice from a stockbroker who lives in Janni's Chelsea house. "And John had a stockbroker at the studio," Janni says. "Both stockbrokers were fighting like mad."

A lean, elegant man with an intelligent, slightly melancholy face, Janni was talking while being driven out to Greenwich District Hospital where his current film, "Made," was being shot. He was a little hoarse from having dined the night before at trendy San Lorenzo, an error. "Usually I go to Scott's when I want to talk sensibly," he said.

## Hint

The night before, "Billy Liar" had been shown on British TV, looking very good eight years later. Talking about the vast tearing down and rebuilding presaged in "Billy Liar" and now happening in the dreary parts of London he was driving through, Janni gave a hint of why it is his films are not only good cinema but say an uncommon amount about the world they are set in.

"I am very much interested in life surrounding me, I adore arguments about life today—economics, history, youth."

"Made," which stars Carol White, whom Janni introduced in "Poor Cow," is the story of a young woman lost in 1971. "Good Lord, it's so real about life today," Janni says, explaining what attracted him, "the youngsters who try to find a substitute for religion."

"My son is 17 and he spends all his time in meditation. He reads books by some fifth-rate Buddhist monk. I say read it, but for God's sake read some other things too—Socrates, St. Augustine. Of course they are very hard to understand, while 'Love for Krishna'—my cook could understand that."

Educated in Milan and in Rome's Film University, Janni was invited to work with Walt Disney in America (he had an uncle who represented Disney in Italy). War broke out two days after he arrived in England on his way to the U.S., and so he stayed. After the war, Italy was producing wonderful films, but Janni stayed on in England where nothing much was going on. "Perhaps I was following the desire to produce in England the sort of films that were being made in Italy."

The first film property he bought was "Saturday Night and Sunday Morning." At the time England was still conditioned



by Anne Neagle-Michael Wilding "Spring in Park Lane" fantasies and Ealing comedies.

People were shocked by Janni's proposal to bring a realistic work like "Saturday Night and Sunday Morning" to the screen. "They said you can't portray things like that in England. That's all right for Italy, but you just don't understand England," Janni told the property to another producer and it was made into a fine film with Albert Finney.

"I like to see people suffer in films. They suffer in life," Joseph Janni says. He has been criticized because his Julie Christie character in "Darling" never changed, never grew. The point, says Janni, is that she didn't. "I met the girl who was the model for 'Darling' the other day after five years. She hadn't changed at all. She had the same line as the last time I saw her. 'One day I'll find a man who will stay,' she said to me. You'll only find him in a lunatic asylum, I wanted to answer."

Janni's next project is a film version of Muriel Spark's novel about a demented, self-destructive young woman, "The Driver's Seat." The book intrigued Janni, but he worried about what he calls its empty center, its lack of human motivation, until he read a book about Dora Carrington, the fringe member of the Lytton Strachey circle, whom Janni finds oddly like the Spark heroine. Frederic Raphael will do the script. Herbert Ross will direct.

"It's strange choice, isn't it," says Janni, "but not for some of the things we want to do. Ross has humor and robustness. Instead of London and Rome, the book will be set in Chicago and Rome."

"The girl must really be isolated," Janni says, "London and Rome are too near to each other."

Janni adored the "Bloody Sunday" reviews but his favorite film is "A Kind of Loving."

"It was a little gem. I adored it. And it was my first connection with John."

"A Kind of Loving" was John Schlesinger's first feature. Janni had discovered him through television. "I remember a program he did, 'Italian Opera in London.' Everyone in it was so well portrayed, even the way they ate spaghetti was fantastic."

"After I saw it I said to John, one day we'll make a feature together. 'I don't believe it,' he said."

## PEOPLE: Miss Brazil Named Miss World Winner

Miss Brazil, brown-haired Lucia Fetterle, 22, was crowned Miss World 1971 last night in a London pageant that parading members of the women's liberation movement labeled "the most degrading show on earth."

Second was Miss United Kingdom, Marylin Ann Ward, 22, a blonde-haired beauty with blue eyes. Third was Miss Portugal, Anna Paula Almeida, 19.

As the girls paraded before the judges—first in their national dress, then in swimwear—a loud throng of women's libbers snarled outside Albert Hall. More than 100 police shepherded the placard-waving demonstrators. "Which cow is going to win the red ribbon?" demanded one placard. "We are not beautiful, not ugly—just angry," snapped another.

The no-hra libbers were joined briefly by a smaller crowd of several dozen nonwhite demonstrators. They complained there was no Miss Black Britain or Miss Black United States in the lineup.

The show was watched live on television by an estimated 30,000,000 British viewers. The annual parade is Britain's biggest television ratings-topper.

This year's Christmas goodies from Neiman (think big) Marcus of, need it be said, Dallas, Texas: his and hers sarcophagi (sarcophagi?), guaranteed 2,000 years old at \$16,000 the pair; a "torques of the freeway," a total portable security environment car tank loaded with safety and anti-pollution gags at a cool \$845,300 (10 percent down and 36 easy payments of \$24,192.49 a month); and so it goes . . .

Jean Bruch, 39, drew 15 years in jail yesterday despite his plea in a Paris court that he only went along with the gang on a bank holdup because he was a crime writer researching material for his next book. The other members of the gang were given 15 and 14-year sentences.

Ex-Beatle guitarist Paul McCartney has made it official. He is launching his own group, called Wings, and made up of himself, his American wife, Linda, piano and vocals, former Moody Blues guitarist Denny Laine and American drummer Dennis Tomlin. McCartney said the group would make its live debut soon. "We want to start off small. The first few dates won't even be advertised. We'll just show up and play."

Wheels of Justice, Cairo model: Yes, the justice man readily admitted after their arrest, they had stolen an automobile—a Fiat 1300 with a black radio. No, said a merchant who allegedly bought the car, it was a Fiat 1500 with a beige radio. A judge ordered the release of the three men because there was no police record of any Fiat 1300 having been stolen.

Crown Princess Margrethe of Denmark is to preside over the



WEIGH-IN — American wrestler Haystack Calhoun, 46, one of him, after flying (two seats) into Perth, Australia.

Hospices de Beaune charity wine sale in Beaune, France, on Nov. 21, the biggest of its kind in the world. The princess, assisted by her husband, Prince Henrik, will officiate as more than 350 casks of choice wines and spirits from this year's harvest come under the auctioneer's hammer, organizers said. Record prices are expected at this year's traditional sale for, although the harvest was low in quantity, quality is excellent. The records to be set are 13,000 francs paid for a barrel of Corton-Charlemagne white wine in 1969, and 10,000 francs paid for a barrel of red Beaune-Nicolas Rolin last year.

Almost 400 nude swimmers from eight European countries will take part in international championships in a city-owned indoor pool in Rotterdam Sunday, organizers said. The male and female entries, aged 8 to 50, will compete in the third European championships of nudists, sponsored by the International Nudist Federation, which claims a membership of one million. France will have the largest squad with 110 entries. Other competitors will come from West Germany, Italy, Britain, Switzerland, Denmark, Belgium and Holland.

Helen Potter Steadman of Orlando, Florida, a former WAC who served two years in Europe during World War II, has been trying to join the Veterans of Foreign Wars since she was discharged in 1946. Again this year her application and check for dues were returned with a polite note saying the VFW by-law do not permit female membership and suggesting she could join a group for veterans' wives. "Why should I join the wife group?" she asked. "I have nothing in common with the auxiliary. I'm a veteran of foreign war."

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

DEAR FOLKS: If you can use some extra-ordinary well-made, custom designed furniture at less than one half retail—side prices even including packing, insurance duties and transportation—it could be very well worth your while to visit us in Madrid. If you need more information, drop in, or write to: **MARLAU-REY Francisco 8, Madrid.** We're Americans, enjoying living and working in Spain for the past twenty years.

DISCOUNT up to 35% on PERFUMES, GIFTS at **RIFFEL SHOPPING**, across from **Hotel Tivoli**, 8 Ave. Sufren, Paris. Free Cognition with this ad.

**PERSONALS**  
SUSAN CLISHAM, Happy Birthday to a Sharp Kid. Love from Mother and Dad.  
PAUL—Meet me in Madrid Monday, Nov. 15, 8 AM. Express, immediate. I see you, meet him, join a party. Happy Nov. 15th and every day. Love Mother and Dad.

**SERVICES**  
THE HAMILTON NURSING AGENCY, 131 Prad Street, London W. 7. Tel: 01-460-5168. Registered, 173 Specialist for **PAID NED** NURSES AND MIDWIVES at short notice. Licensed by Westminster City Council.

SPECIAL OFFER: English, French, American style, made to order. **550 Regent**, service, **STYLISH**, 114 Ave. de Chateaufort, Paris. **BEUSSELS — WINGS** TEMPORARY waitresses and other qualified, tel. 44-43-35.

LUXURY MOTORHOME 33 Dodge Superstar 1971. Apartment on 1st floor, 2nd floor, 3rd floor, 4th floor, 5th floor, 6th floor, 7th floor, 8th floor, 9th floor, 10th floor, 11th floor, 12th floor, 13th floor, 14th floor, 15th floor, 16th floor, 17th floor, 18th floor, 19th floor, 20th floor, 21st floor, 22nd floor, 23rd floor, 24th floor, 25th floor, 26th floor, 27th floor, 28th floor, 29th floor, 30th floor, 31st floor, 32nd floor, 33rd floor, 34th floor, 35th floor, 36th floor, 37th floor, 38th floor, 39th floor, 40th floor, 41st floor, 42nd floor, 43rd floor, 44th floor, 45th floor, 46th floor, 47th floor, 48th floor, 49th floor, 50th floor, 51st floor, 52nd floor, 53rd floor, 54th floor, 55th floor, 56th floor, 57th floor, 58th floor, 59th floor, 60th floor, 61st floor, 62nd floor, 63rd floor, 64th floor, 65th floor, 66th floor, 67th floor, 68th floor, 69th floor, 70th floor, 71st floor, 72nd floor, 73rd floor, 74th floor, 75th floor, 76th floor, 77th floor, 78th floor, 79th floor, 80th floor, 81st floor, 82nd floor, 83rd floor, 84th floor, 85th floor, 86th floor, 87th floor, 88th floor, 89th floor, 90th floor, 91st floor, 92nd floor, 93rd floor, 94th floor, 95th floor, 96th floor, 97th floor, 98th floor, 99th floor, 100th floor, 101st floor, 102nd floor, 103rd floor, 104th floor, 105th floor, 106th floor, 107th floor, 108th floor, 109th floor, 110th floor, 111th floor, 112th floor, 113th floor, 114th floor, 115th floor, 116th floor, 117th floor, 118th floor, 119th floor, 120th floor, 121st floor, 122nd floor, 123rd floor, 124th floor, 125th floor, 126th floor, 127th floor, 128th floor, 129th floor, 130th floor, 131st floor, 132nd floor, 133rd floor, 134th floor, 135th floor, 136th floor, 137th floor, 138th floor, 139th floor, 140th floor, 141st floor, 142nd floor, 143rd floor, 144th floor, 145th floor, 146th floor, 147th floor, 148th floor, 149th floor, 150th floor, 151st floor, 152nd floor, 153rd floor, 154th floor, 155th floor, 156th floor, 157th floor, 158th floor, 159th floor, 160th floor, 161st floor, 162nd floor, 163rd floor, 164th floor, 165th floor, 166th floor, 167th floor, 168th floor, 169th floor, 170th floor, 171st floor, 172nd floor, 173rd floor, 174th floor, 175th floor, 176th floor, 177th floor, 178th floor, 179th floor, 180th floor, 181st floor, 182nd floor, 183rd floor, 184th floor, 185th floor, 186th floor, 187th floor, 188th floor, 189th floor, 190th floor, 191st floor, 192nd floor, 193rd floor, 194th floor, 195th floor, 196th floor, 197th floor, 198th floor, 199th floor, 200th floor, 201st floor, 202nd floor, 203rd floor, 204th floor, 205th floor, 206th floor, 207th floor, 208th floor, 209th floor, 210th floor, 211th floor, 212th floor, 213th floor, 214th floor, 215th floor, 216th floor, 217th floor, 218th floor, 219th floor, 220th floor, 221st floor, 222nd floor, 223rd floor, 224th floor, 225th floor, 226th floor, 227th floor, 228th floor, 229th floor, 230th floor, 231st floor, 232nd floor, 233rd floor, 234th floor, 235th floor, 236th floor, 237th floor, 238th floor, 239th floor, 240th floor, 241st floor, 242nd floor, 243rd floor, 244th floor, 245th floor, 246th floor, 247th floor, 248th floor, 249th floor, 250th floor, 251st floor, 252nd floor, 253rd floor, 254th floor, 255th floor, 256th floor, 257th floor, 258th floor, 259th floor, 260th floor, 261st floor, 262nd floor, 263rd floor, 264th floor, 265th floor, 266th floor, 267th floor, 268th floor, 269th floor, 270th floor, 271st floor, 272nd floor, 273rd floor, 274th floor, 275th floor, 276th floor, 277th floor, 278th floor, 279th floor, 280th floor, 281st floor, 282nd floor, 283rd floor, 284th floor, 285th floor, 286th floor, 287th floor, 288th floor, 289th floor, 290th floor, 291st floor, 292nd floor, 293rd floor, 294th floor, 295th floor, 296th floor, 297th floor, 298th floor, 299th floor, 300th floor, 301st floor, 302nd floor, 303rd floor, 304th floor, 305th floor, 306th floor, 307th floor, 308th floor, 309th floor, 310th floor, 311th floor, 312th floor, 313th floor, 314th floor, 315th floor, 316th floor, 317th floor, 318th floor, 319th floor, 320th floor, 321st floor, 322nd floor, 323rd floor, 324th floor, 325th floor, 326th floor, 327th floor, 328th floor, 329th floor, 330th floor, 331st floor, 332nd floor, 333rd floor, 334th floor, 335th floor, 336th floor, 337th floor, 338th floor, 339th floor, 340th floor, 341st floor, 342nd floor, 343rd floor, 344th floor, 345th floor, 346th floor, 347th floor, 348th floor, 349th floor, 350th floor, 351st floor, 352nd floor, 353rd floor, 354th floor, 355th floor, 356th floor, 357th floor, 358th floor, 359th floor, 360th floor, 361st floor, 362nd floor, 363rd floor, 364th floor, 365th floor, 366th floor, 367th floor, 368th floor, 369th floor, 370th floor, 371st floor, 372nd floor, 373rd floor, 374th floor, 375th floor, 376th floor, 377th floor, 378th floor, 379th floor, 380th floor, 381st floor, 382nd floor, 383rd floor, 384th floor, 385th floor, 386th floor, 387th floor, 388th floor, 389th floor, 390th floor, 391st floor, 392nd floor, 393rd floor, 394th floor, 395th floor, 396th floor, 397th floor, 398th floor, 399th floor, 400th floor, 401st floor, 402nd floor, 403rd floor, 404th floor, 405th floor, 406th floor, 407th floor, 408th floor, 409th floor, 410th floor, 411th floor, 412th floor, 413th floor, 414th floor, 415th floor, 416th floor, 417th floor, 418th floor, 419th floor, 420th floor, 421st floor, 422nd floor, 423rd floor, 424th floor, 425th floor, 426th floor, 427th floor, 428th floor, 429th floor, 430th floor, 431st floor, 432nd floor, 433rd floor, 434th floor, 435th floor, 436th floor, 437th floor, 438th floor, 439th floor, 440th floor, 441st floor, 442nd floor, 443rd floor, 444th floor, 445th floor, 446th floor, 447th floor, 448th floor, 449th floor, 450th floor, 451st floor, 452nd floor, 453rd floor, 454th floor, 455th floor, 456th floor, 457th floor, 458th floor, 459th floor, 460th floor, 461st floor, 462nd floor, 463rd floor, 464th floor, 465th floor, 466th floor, 467th floor, 468th floor, 469th floor, 470th floor, 471st floor, 472nd floor, 473rd floor, 474th floor, 475th floor, 476th floor, 477th floor, 478th floor, 479th floor, 480th floor, 481st floor, 482nd floor, 483rd floor, 484th floor, 485th floor, 486th floor, 487th floor, 488th floor, 489th floor, 490th floor, 491st floor, 492nd floor, 493rd floor, 494th floor, 495th floor, 496th floor, 497th floor, 498th floor, 499th floor, 500th floor, 501st floor, 502nd floor, 503rd floor, 504th floor, 505th floor, 506th floor, 507th floor, 508th floor, 509th floor, 510th floor, 511th floor, 512th floor, 513th floor, 514th floor, 515th floor, 516th floor, 517th floor, 518th floor, 519th floor, 520th floor, 521st floor, 522nd floor, 523rd floor, 524th floor, 525th floor, 526th floor, 527th floor, 528th floor, 529th floor, 530th floor, 531st floor, 532nd floor, 533rd floor, 534th floor, 535th floor, 536th floor, 537th floor, 538th floor, 539th floor, 540th floor, 541st floor, 542nd floor, 543rd floor, 544th floor, 545th floor, 546th floor, 547th floor, 548th floor, 549th floor, 550th floor, 551st floor, 552nd floor, 553rd floor, 554th floor, 555th floor, 556th floor, 557th floor, 558th floor, 559th floor, 560th floor, 561st floor, 562nd floor, 563rd floor, 564th floor, 565th floor, 566th floor, 567th floor, 568th floor, 569th floor, 570th floor, 571st floor, 572nd floor, 573rd floor, 574th floor, 575th floor, 576th floor, 577th floor, 578th floor, 579th floor, 580th floor, 581st floor, 582nd floor, 583rd floor, 584th floor, 585th floor, 586th floor, 587th floor, 588th floor, 589th floor, 590th floor, 591st floor, 592nd floor, 593rd floor, 594th floor, 595th floor, 596th floor, 597th floor, 598th floor, 599th floor, 600th floor, 601st floor, 602nd floor, 603rd floor, 604th floor, 605th floor, 606th floor, 607th floor, 608th floor, 609th floor, 610th floor, 611th floor, 612th floor, 613th floor, 614th floor, 615th floor, 616th floor, 617th floor, 618th floor, 619th floor, 620th floor, 621st floor, 622nd floor, 623rd floor, 624th floor, 625th floor, 626th floor, 627th floor, 628th floor, 629th floor, 630th floor, 631st floor, 632nd floor, 633rd floor, 634th floor, 635th floor, 636th floor, 637th floor, 638th floor, 639th floor, 640th floor, 641st floor, 642nd floor, 643rd floor, 644th floor, 645th floor, 646th floor, 647th floor, 648th floor, 649th floor, 650th floor, 651st floor, 652nd floor, 653rd floor, 654th floor, 655th floor, 656th floor, 657th floor, 658th floor, 659th floor, 660th floor, 661st floor, 662nd floor, 663rd floor, 664th floor, 665th floor, 666th floor, 667th floor, 668th floor, 669th floor, 670th floor, 671st floor, 672nd floor, 673rd floor, 674th floor, 675th floor, 676th floor, 677th floor, 678th floor, 679th floor, 680th floor, 681st floor, 682nd floor, 683rd floor, 684th floor, 685th floor, 686th floor, 687th floor, 688th floor, 689th floor, 690th floor, 691st floor, 692nd floor, 693rd floor, 694th floor, 695th floor, 696th floor, 697th floor, 698th floor, 699th floor, 700th floor, 701st floor, 702nd floor, 703rd floor, 704th floor, 705th floor, 706th floor, 707th floor, 708th floor, 709th floor, 710th floor, 711th floor, 712th floor, 713th floor, 714th floor, 715th floor, 716th floor, 717th floor, 718th floor, 719th floor, 720th floor, 721st floor, 722nd floor, 723rd floor, 724th floor, 725th floor, 726th floor, 727th floor, 728th floor, 729th floor, 730th floor, 731st floor, 732nd floor, 733rd floor, 734th floor, 735th floor, 736th floor, 737th floor, 738th floor, 739th floor, 740th floor, 741st floor, 742nd floor, 743rd floor, 744th floor, 745th floor, 746th floor, 747th floor, 748th floor, 749th floor, 750th floor, 751st floor, 752nd floor, 753rd floor, 754th floor, 755th floor, 756th floor, 757th floor, 758th floor, 759th floor, 760th floor, 761st floor, 762nd floor, 763rd floor, 764th floor, 765th floor, 766th floor, 767th floor, 768th floor, 769th floor, 770th floor, 771st floor, 772nd floor, 773rd floor, 774th floor, 775th floor, 776th floor, 777th floor, 778th floor, 779th floor, 780th floor, 781st floor, 782nd floor, 783rd floor, 784th floor, 785th floor, 786th floor, 787th floor, 788th floor, 789th floor, 790th floor, 791st floor, 792nd floor, 793rd floor, 794th floor, 795th floor, 796th floor, 797th floor, 798th floor, 799th floor, 800th floor, 801st floor, 802nd floor, 803rd floor, 804th floor, 805th floor, 806th floor, 807th floor, 808th floor, 809th floor, 810th floor, 811th floor, 812th floor, 813th floor, 814th floor, 815th floor, 816th floor, 817th floor, 818th floor, 819th floor, 820th floor, 821st floor, 822nd floor, 823rd floor, 824th floor, 825th floor, 826th floor, 827th floor, 828th floor, 829th floor, 830th floor, 831st floor, 832nd floor, 833rd floor, 834th floor, 835th floor, 836th floor, 837th floor, 838th floor, 839th floor, 840th floor, 841st floor, 842nd floor, 843rd floor, 844th floor, 845th floor, 846th floor, 847th floor, 848th floor, 849th floor, 850th floor, 851st floor, 852